=> fil reg

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 7 DEC 2000 HIGHEST RN 307492-37-1 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 7 DEC 2000 HIGHEST RN 307492-37-1

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH July 8, 2000

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Structure search limits have been increased. See HELP SLIMIT for details.

=> d ide can tot 126

L26 ANSWER 1 OF 24 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

RN 301857-29-4 REGISTRY

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9,13-pentamethyl-16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, (4s,7R,8s,9s,16s)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C27 H41 N O5 S

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as described by E or Z.

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 133:309795

L26 ANSWER 2 OF 24 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

RN 288386-51-6 REGISTRY

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9,13-pentamethyl-16-[(1E)-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-,
(4S,7R,8S,9S,13E,16S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C26 H39 N O5 S

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.

Point of Contact: Jan Delayal Librarian-Physical Sciences CM1 1E01 Tel: 308-4498

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 133:177064

L26 ANSWER 3 OF 24 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

RN 252986-93-9 REGISTRY

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9,13-pentamethyl-16-[(1E)-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, (4S,7R,8S,9S,13Z,16S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 16-Desmethyl-12,13-deoxyepothilone B

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C26 H39 N O5 S

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 133:177064

REFERENCE 2: 132:49832

L26 ANSWER 4 OF 24 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

RN 213312-66-4 REGISTRY

CN Oxacyclohexadecane-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl-13-methylene-16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, (4s,7R,8s,9s,16s)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C27 H11 N 05 S

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 129:244965

L26 ANSWER 5 OF 24 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

RN 198571-70-9 REGISTRY

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl-16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, (4S,7R,8S,9R,13Z,16S)-

(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl-16-[1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, [4S-[4R*,7S*,8R*,9S*,13Z,16R*(E)]]-

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C26 H39 N O5 S

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 129:81625

REFERÈNCE 2: 128:3560

L26 ANSWER 6 OF 24 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

RN 198571-66-3 REGISTRY

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl-16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, (4S,7R,8S,9R,13E,16S)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl-16-[1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, [4S-[4R*,7S*,8R*,9S*,13E,16R*(E)]]-

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C26 H39 N O5 S

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 129:81625

REFERENCE 2: 128:3560

L26 ANSWER 7 OF 24 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

RN 198571-39-0 REGISTRY

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, (4S,7S,8R,9S,13E,16R)(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl-16-[1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, [4S-[4R*,7R*,8S*,9R*,13E,16S*(E)]]-

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C26 H39 N O5 S

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 129:81625

REFERENCE 2: 128:3560

L26 ANSWER 8 OF 24 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

RN 198571-38-9 REGISTRY

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl-16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, (4S,7R,8S,9S,13E,16R)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl-16-[1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, [4S-[4R*,7S*,8R*,9R*,13E,16S*(E)]]-

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C26 H39 N O5 S

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 129:81625

REFERENCE 2: 128:3560

L26 ANSWER 9 OF 24 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

RN 198571-37-8 REGISTRY

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl-16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, (4S,7R,8S,9S,13Z,16R)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl-16-[1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, [4S-[4R*,7S*,8R*,9R*,13Z,16S*(E)]]-

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C26 H39 N O5 S

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 129:81625

REFERENCE 2: 128:3560

L26 ANSWER 10 OF 24 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

RN 198571-32-3 REGISTRY

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl-16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, (4R,7S,8R,9R,13E,16S)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl-16-[1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, [4R-[4R*,78*,8R*,9R*,13E,16S*(E)]]-

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C26 H39 N O5 S

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 129:81625

REFERENCE 2: 128:3560

L26 ANSWER 11 OF 24 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

RN 198571-31-2 REGISTRY

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl-16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, (4R,7S,8R,9S,13E,16S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl-16-[1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, [4R-[4R*,7S*,8R*,9S*,13E,16S*(E)]]-

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C26 H39 N O5 S

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 129:81625

REFERENCE 2: 128:3560

L26 ANSWER 12 OF 24 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

RN 198571-29-8 REGISTRY

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl-16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, (4R,7S,8R,9R,13Z,16S)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl-16-[1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, [4R-[4R*,7S*,8R*,9R*,13Z,16S*(E)]]-

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C26 H39 N O5 S

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 129:81625

REFERENCE 2: 128:3560

L26 ANSWER 13 OF 24 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

RN 198571-28-7 REGISTRY

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl-16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, (4R,7S,8R,9S,13Z,16S)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl-16-[1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, [4R-[4R*,7S*,8R*,9S*,13Z,16S*(E)]]-

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C26 H39 N O5 S

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 129:81625

REFERENCE 2: 128:3560

L26 ANSWER 14 OF 24 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

RN 198571-25-4 REGISTRY

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl-16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, (4R,7R,8S,9R,13E,16S)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl-16-[1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, [4R-[4R*,7R*,8S*,9R*,13E,16S*(E)]]-

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C26 H39 N O5 S

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 129:81625

REFERENCE 2: 128:3560

L26 ANSWER 15 OF 24 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

RN 198571-20-9 REGISTRY

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl-16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, (4S,7S,8R,9R,13E,16S)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl-16-[1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, [4S-[4R*,7R*,8S*,9S*,13E,16R*(E)]]-

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C26 H39 N O5 S

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 129:81625

REFERENCE 2: 128:3560

L26 ANSWER 16 OF 24 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

RN 198571-16-3 REGISTRY

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl-

16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, (4S,7S,8R,9R,13Z,16S)-

(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl-16-[1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, [4S-[4R*,7R*,8S*,9S*,13Z,16R*(E)]]-

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C26 H39 N O5 S

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

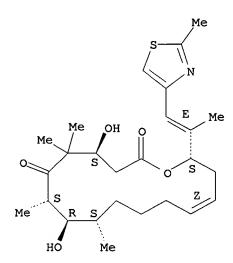
REFERENCE 1: 129:81625

REFERENCE 2: 128:3560

L26 ANSWER 17 OF 24 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS RN 193146-35-9 REGISTRY

Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl-CN 16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, (4S,7S,8R,9S,13Z,16S)-(CA INDEX NAME) (9CI) OTHER CA INDEX NAMES: Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl-CN 16-[1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, [4S-[4R*,7R*,8S*,9R*,13Z,16R*(E)]]-FS STEREOSEARCH C26 H39 N O5 S MF SR CA CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT STN Files: LC

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-). Double bond geometry as shown.



4 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE) 4 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 131:124926
REFERENCE 2: 129:81625
REFERENCE 3: 128:3560

REFERENCE 4: 127:135660

L26 ANSWER 18 OF 24 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS RN 193071-86-2 REGISTRY

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl-16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, (4S,7S,8R,9S,13E,16S)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl-16-[1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, [4s-[4R*,7R*,8S*,9R*,13E,16R*(E)]]-

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C26 H39 N O5 S

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

4 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
4 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 132:293587

REFERENCE 2: 129:81625

REFERENCE 3: 128:3560

REFERENCE 4: 127:149021

L26 ANSWER 19 OF 24 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

RN 189453-40-5 REGISTRY

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9,13-pentamethyl-16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, (4s,7R,8s,9s,13E,16s)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9,13-pentamethyl-16-[1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, [4S-[4R*,7S*,8R*,9R*,13E,16R*(E)]]-

OTHER NAMES:

CN (E)-Desoxyepothilone B

CN trans-Desoxyepothilone B

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C27 H41 N O5 S

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT, USPATFULL

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-). Double bond geometry as shown.

12 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

12 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 133:321737

REFERENCE 2: 131:199557

REFERENCE 3: 131:124926

REFERENCE 4: 130:124934

REFERENCE 5: 129:81625

BIOSIS, CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, DRUGUPDATES, RTECS*, TOXLIT,

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6:
                128:3560
REFERENCE
REFERENCE
            7:
                127:358730
REFERENCE
            8:
                127:346221
REFERENCE
            9:
                127:293040
REFERENCE 10:
                127:135660
L26 ANSWER 20 OF 24 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
     189453-10-9 REGISTRY
RN
CN
     Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9,13-
     pentamethyl-16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-,
     (4s,7r,8s,9s,13z,16s) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
     Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9,13-
CN
     pentamethyl-16-[1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-,
     [4S-[4R*,7S*,8R*,9R*,13Z,16R*(E)]]-
OTHER NAMES:
     (-)-Desoxyepothilone B
CN
CN
     12,13-Deoxyepothilone B
CN
     12,13-Desoxyepothilone B
CN
     Desoxyepothilone B
     Epothilone D
CN
     NSC 703147
CN
     STEREOSEARCH
FS
MF
     C27 H41 N O5 S
SR
     CA
```

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-). Double bond geometry as shown.

STN Files:

USPATFULL

LC

47 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

2 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

48 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 133:321737

REFERENCE 2: 133:275843

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REFERENCE
                                                   3:
                                                                   133:266634
REFERENCE
                                                   4:
                                                                    133:89354
REFERENCE
                                                   5:
                                                                     133:58659
REFERENCE
                                                   6:
                                                                     133:30608
REFERENCE
                                                   7:
                                                                    133:27369
REFERENCE
                                                   8:
                                                                     132:293600
REFERENCE
                                                   9:
                                                                    132:289462
REFERENCE
                                              10:
                                                                    132:49831
                    ANSWER 21 OF 24 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
                     188260-34-6 REGISTRY
RN
                     Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl-
 CN
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                           (9CI)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
CN
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                     16-[1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, [4R-
                      [4R*,7R*,8S*,9S*,13E,16S*(E)]]-
FS
                     STEREOSEARCH
MF
                     C26 H39 N O5 S
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Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+). Double bond geometry as shown.

128:3560

CA, CAPLUS

3 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE) 3 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE) REFERENCE 1: 129:81625

2: REFERENCE 3: 126:225133

ANSWER 22 OF 24 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS L26

188260-10-8 REGISTRY RN

Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl-CN 16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, (4S,7R,8S,9S,13E,16S)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl-16-[1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, [4S-[4R*,7S*,8R*,9R*,13E,16R*(E)]]-

OTHER NAMES:

REFERENCE

SR

LC

CA

STN Files:

CN trans-Desoxyepothilone A

CN trans-Epothilone C

FS **STEREOSEARCH**

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MF C26 H39 N O5 S
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SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, USPATFULL

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-). Double bond geometry as shown.

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15 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
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1 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

15 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

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REFERENCE
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                                            6:
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REFERENCE
                                           9:
                                                         127:358730
REFERENCE
REFERENCE 10:
                                                         127:346221
L26 ANSWER 23 OF 24 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
                  188259-95-2 REGISTRY
RN
                  Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl-
CN
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                                               (CA INDEX NAME)
                       (9CI)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
                  Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl-
CN
                  16-[1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, [4R-
                   [4R*,7R*,8S*,9S*,13Z,16S*(E)]]-
OTHER NAMES:
                  3-epi-Desoxyepothilone A
CN
                  STEREOSEARCH
FS
                  C26 H39 N O5 S
MF
SR
                  CA
LC
                  STN Files:
                                                                 CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, USPATFULL
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Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-). Double bond geometry as shown.

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6 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
6 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
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1: 131:199557 REFERENCE 2: 130:124934 REFERENCE REFERENCE 3: 129:81625 4: 128:3560 REFERENCE 5: 127:293040 REFERENCE REFERENCE 6: 126:225133 L26 ANSWER 24 OF 24 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS 186692-73-9 REGISTRY RN Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl-CN 16-[(1E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, (4S,7R,8S,9S,13Z,16S)-(CA INDEX NAME) (9CI) OTHER CA INDEX NAMES: Oxacyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione, 4,8-dihydroxy-5,5,7,9-tetramethyl-CN 16-[1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-4-thiazolyl)ethenyl]-, [4S-[4R*,7S*,8R*,9R*,13Z,16R*(E)]]-OTHER NAMES: CN (-)-Deoxyepothilone A

CN (-)-Deoxyepothilone A
CN (-)-Desoxyepothilone A
CN Desoxyepothilone A
CN Epothilone C
FS STEREOSEARCH
MF C26 H39 N O5 S

SR CA

LC STN Files: BIOSIS, CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, DRUGUPDATES, TOXLIT, USPATFULL

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-). Double bond geometry as shown.

47 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

2 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

48 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 133:321737

REFERENCE 2: 133:275843

REFERENCE 3: 133:266631

REFERENCE 4: 133:30608

REFERENCE 5: 133:27369

REFERENCE 6: 132:293587

REFERENCE 7: 132:289462

REFERENCE 8: 132:251011

REFERENCE 9: 132:49831

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L30 3 S L2-L5 AND L29 L31 3 S L16, L30

L32 31 S L14, L15

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FILE COVERS 1967 - 8 Dec 2000 VOL 133 ISS 25 FILE LAST UPDATED: 7 Dec 2000 (20001207/ED)

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=> d 135 bib abs hitrn tot

L35 ANSWER 1 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AN 2000:316343 HCAPLUS

Correction of: 1997:528752

DN 132:293587

Correction of: 127:149021

TI The Olefin Metathesis Approach to Epothilone A and Its Analogs

AU Nicolaou, K. C.; He, Y.; Vourloumis, D.; Vallberg, H.; Roschangar, F.; Sarabia, F.; Ninkovic, S.; Yang, Z.; Trujillo, J. I.

CS Institute for Chemical Biology, La Jolla, CA, 92037, USA

SO J. Am. Chem. Soc. (1997), 119(34), 7960-7973

CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863

PB American Chemical Society

DT Journal

LA English

GI

- * STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *
- The olefin metathesis approach to epothilone A (I) and several diastereomeric analogs is described. Key building blocks II, (S)-OHCCH(Me)CH2CH2CH=CH2, and (S)-MeCH2COC(Me)2CH(OSiMe2CMe3)CH2CO2H were constructed in optically active form and were coupled and elaborated to olefin metathesis precursor III (R = SiMe2CMe3) via an aldol reaction and an esterification coupling. Olefin metathesis of compd. III (R = SiMe2CMe3), under the catalytic influence of RuCl2(:CHPh)(PCy3)2,

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furnished cis- and trans-cyclic olefins IV (R = SiMe2CMe3). Epoxidn. of (Z)-IV (R = H) gave I and several analogs, whereas epoxidn. of (E)-IV (R = H) resulted in addnl. epothilones. Similar elaboration of isomeric as well as simpler intermediates resulted in yet another series of epothilone analogs and model systems. 186692-73-9P 188260-10-8P 193071-86-2P RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (synthesis of epothilone A and analogs via olefin metathesis) ANSWER 2 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS L35 1999:811249 HCAPLUS 132:49105 Epothilone minor constituents Hoefle, Gerhard; Reichenbach, Hans; Gerth, Klaus; Hardt, Ingo; Sasse, Florenz; Steinmetz, Heinrich Gesellschaft Fur Biotechnologische Forschung m.b.H. (Gbf), Germany PCT Int. Appl., 36 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 Patent German FAN. CNT 1 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE -----____ _____ WO 9965913 A2 19991223 WO 1999-EP4244 19990618 A3 20000420 WO 9965913 W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG A1 19991223 DE 1998-19826988 19980618 DE 19826988 20000105 AU 1999-48995 19990618 AU 9948995 A1PRAI DE 1998-19826988 19980618 19990618 WO 1999-EP4244 The invention relates to compds. which are obtained by fermenting DSM 6773, esp. epothilones A1, A2, A8, A9, B10, C1, C2, C3, C4, C5, C6, C7, C8, C9, D1, D2, D5, G1, G2, H1, H2, I1, I2, I3, I4, I5, I6 and K and trans-epothilones C1 and C2. 186692-73-9P, Epothilone C 189453-10-9P, Epothilone D RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); PUR (Purification or recovery); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation) (epothilone minor constituents) L35 ANSWER 3 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS 1999:566025 HCAPLUS 131:199557 Synthesis of epothilones, intermediates and analogs for use in treatment of cancers with multidrug-resistant phenotype Danishefsky, Samuel J.; Balog, Aaron; Bertinato, Peter; Su, Dai-Shi; Chou, Ting-Chau; Meng, Dongfang; Kamenecka, Ted; Sorensen, Erik J.; Kuduk, Scott; Harris, Christina; Zhang, Xiu-Guo; Bertino, Joseph R. Sloan-Kettering Institute for Cancer Research, USA PCT Int. Appl., 264 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 Patent English FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE WO 9943653 A1 19990902 WO 1999-US4008 19990224

W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE,

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                                <--
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     WO 1999-US4008
                      19990224
    MARPAT 131:199557
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AB Syntheses of epothilone A and B, desoxyepothilones A and B, and analogs (I) [R,R1,R2 = independently H, (un)substituted linear or branched chain alkyl; R3 = CHY=CHX, H, linear or branched chain alkyl, Ph, 2-methyl-1,3-thiazolinyl, 2-, 3-, or 4-furanyl, 2-, 3-, or 4-pyridyl, imidazolyl, 2-methyl-1,3-oxazolinyl, 3- or 6-indolyl; X = H, linear or branched chain alkyl, Ph, 2-methyl-1,3-thiazolinyl, 2-, 3-, or 4-furanyl, 2-, 3-, or 4-pyridyl, imidazolyl, 2-methyl-1,3-oxazolinyl, 3- or 6-indolyl; Y = H, linear or branched chain alkyl; Z = O, substituted NOH, substituted NNH2; n = 1-2] and their intermediates are described. Activities of novel compns. based on I and methods for the treatment of cancer and cancer which has developed a multidrug-resistant phenotype are presented.

IT 189453-10-9P, Desoxyepothilone B

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(synthesis of epothilones, intermediates and analogs for use in treatment of cancers with multidrug-resistant phenotype)

IT 186692-73-9, Desoxyepothilone A 188259-95-2

188260-10-8 189453-40-5

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (synthesis of epothilones, intermediates and analogs for use in treatment of cancers with multidrug-resistant phenotype)

RE.CNT 4

RE

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(1) Balog; Tetrahedron Letters 1997, V38(26), P4529 HCAPLUS
(2) March; Advanced Organic Chemistry 1977, V2nd Ed, P940
(3) Meng; J Am Chem Soc 1997, V119(42), P10073 HCAPLUS
(4) Nicolaou; Nature 1997, V387, P268 HCAPLUS
T-35
    ANSWER 4 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
AN
     1999:47.0234 HCAPLUS
     131:286303
DN
     N-oxidation of epothilone A-C and O-acyl rearrangement to C-19-
ΤI
     and C-21-substituted epothilones
     Hofle, Gerhard; Glaser, Nicole; Kiffe, Michael; Hecht, Hans-Jurgen; Sasse,
AU
     Florenz; Reichenbach, Hans
     Abteilung Naturstoffchemie Gesellschaft fur Biotechnologische Forschung,
CS
     Braunschweig, D-38124, Germany
     Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. (1999), 38(13/14), 1971-1974
SO
     CODEN: ACIEF5; ISSN: 1433-7851
     Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH
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     Journal
     English
LА
     CASREACT 131:286303
os
     Epothilones A-C underwent N-oxidn. on treatment with MCPBA in
AB
     CH2Cl2. The N-oxide of epothilones A and B were converted to
     the 2-acetoxymethylthiazole derivs. with Ac2O and these were hydrolyzed to
     epothilones E and F. Some chloro and tosyloxy derivs. were also
     prepd. In vitro antitumor activities are reported.
     186692-73-9, Epothilone C 189453-10-9
ΙT
     , Epothilone D
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); RCT (Reactant);
     BIOL (Biological study)
        (N-oxidn. of epothilone A-C, O-acyl rearrangement and
        antitumor activity)
RE.CNT
RF.
(2) Begtrup, M; Acta Chem Scand 1992, V46, P372 HCAPLUS
(4) Chou, T; Proc Natl Acad Sci USA 1998, V95, P15798 HCAPLUS
(5) Chou, T; Proc Natl Acad Sci USA 1998, V95, P9642 HCAPLUS
(6) Fenical, W; US 5437057 A 1995 HCAPLUS
(7) Gerth, K; J Antibiot 1996, V49, P560 HCAPLUS
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
L35 ANSWER 5 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
     1999:64791 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
     130:139205
     syntheses of epothilone derivatives and intermediates for use in treatment
ΤI
     of hyperproliferative cellular disease
     Vite, Gregory D.; Borzilleri, Robert M.; Kim, Soong-hoon; Johnson, James
IN
     Bristol-Myers Squibb Company, USA
PA
     PCT Int. Appl., 70 pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
     English
LΑ
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO. DATE
                                           _____
                     A2 19990121
                                          WO 1998-US12550 19980616 <--
PΙ
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             DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GW, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG,
             KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX,
            NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT,
             UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES,
             FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI,
             CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     AU 9879720
                      A1
                            19990208
                                          AU 1998-79720
                                                            19980616 <--
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A2

EP 1019389

20000719

EP 1998-930300

19980616 <--

AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI 20000815 BR 1998-10555 19980616 <--BR 9810555 Α 20000107 NO 2000-76 20000107 <---NO 2000000076 Α 19970708 PRAI US 1997-51951 <---US 1997-67524 19971204 WO 1998-US12550 19980616

MARPAT 130:139205

AB Syntheses of epothilone derivs. (I) (R = H, Me; A = CH2, O, NH; X = H when bond double, .alpha.-epoxy when bond single) and intermediates for use in treatment of hyperproliferative cellular disease are described.

Ι

IT 186692-73-9P, Epothilone C
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(syntheses of epothilone analogs and intermediates for use in treatment of hyperproliferative cellular disease)

L35 ANSWER 6 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AN 1999:48614 HCAPLUS

DN 130:124934

OS

GΙ

- TI Synthesis of epothilones, intermediates and analogs for use in treatment of cancers with multidrug-resistant phenotype
- IN Danishefsky, Samuel J.; Balog, Aaron; Bertinato, Peter; Su, Dai-Shi; Chou, Ting-Chau; Meng, Dong Fang; Kamenecka, Ted; Sorensen, Erik J.
- PA Sloan-Kettering Institute for Cancer Research, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 175 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

APPLICATION NO. PATENT NO. KIND DATE WO 1997-US22381 19971203 <--ΡI WO 9901124 **A**1 19990114 AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG EP 977563 **A**1 20000209 EP 1997-954055 19971203 <--R: BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL, SE AU 9857929 19990125 AU 1998-57929 19971205 <--Α1 PRAI US 1996-32282 19961203 <--US 1997-33767 19970114 <--US 1997-47566 19970522 <--

US 1997-47941 19970529 <--US 1997-55533 19970813 <--WO 1997-US22381 19971203 MARPAT 130:124934

Ι

OS GI

AB Syntheses of epothilone A and B, desoxyepothilones A and B, and analogs (I) [R,R1,R2 = independently H, (un)substituted linear or branched chain alkyl; R3 = CHY=CHX, H, linear or branched chain alkyl, Ph, 2-methyl-1,3-thiazolinyl, 2-, 3-, or 4-furanyl, 2-, 3-, or 4-pyridyl, imidazolyl, 2-methyl-1,3-oxazolinyl, 3- or 6-indolyl; X = H, linear or branched chain alkyl, Ph, 2-methyl-1,3-thiazolinyl, 2-, 3-, or 4-furanyl, 2-, 3-, or 4-pyridyl, imidazolyl, 2-methyl-1,3-oxazolinyl, 3- or 6-indolyl; Y = H, linear or branched chain alkyl; Z = O, substituted NOH, substituted NNH2; n = 0-3] and their intermediates are described. Activities of novel compns. based on I and methods for the treatment of cancer and cancer which has developed a multidrug-resistant phenotype are presented.

IT 186692-73-9P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(synthesis of epothilones, intermediates and analogs for use in treatment of cancers with multidrug-resistant phenotype)

IT 188259-95-2 188260-10-8 189453-10-9 189453-40-5

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (synthesis of epothilones, intermediates and analogs for use in treatment of cancers with multidrug-resistant phenotype)

RE.CNT 4

RE

- (1) Bollag; Cancer Research 1995, V55(11), P2325 HCAPLUS
- (2) Meng; J Org Chem 1996, V61(23), P7998 HCAPLUS
- (3) Nicolaou; Angew Chem Int Ed Engl 1996, V35(20), P2399 HCAPLUS
- (4) Victory; Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters 1996, V6(7), P893 HCAPLUS
- L35 ANSWER 7 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
- AN 1998:804132 HCAPLUS
- DN 130:33009
- TI A method of treating cancer using an antineoplastic agent-prenyl-protein transferase inhibitor combination, and compound preparation
- IN Rosen, Neal; Sepp-lorenzino, Laura; Moasser, Mark M.; Oliff, Allen I.; Gibbs, Jackson B.; Kohl, Nancy; Graham, Samuel L.; Prendergast, George C.
- PA Merck & Co., Inc., USA; Sloan-Kettering Institute for Cancer Research
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 379 pp.
- CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
- LA English

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FAN.CNT 1
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                   KIND DATE
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                            19981210 WO 1998-US8646 19980604 <--
     WO 9854966 A1
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             MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA,
             US, UZ, VN, YU, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES,
             FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI,
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                       A1 19981221
                                           AU 1998-77957
                                                             19980604 <--
     AU 9877957
                                           EP 1998-926029
                                                             19980604 <--
     EP 986302
                       A1
                            20000322
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI
PRAI US 1997-48736
                      19970605 <--
     GB 1998-1231
                      19980121
     WO 1998-US8646
                      19980604
     Methods are provided for treating cancer using a combination of a compd.
AΒ
     which is an antineoplastic agent and a compd. which is a inhibitor of
     prenyl-protein transferase. The methods comprise administering to a
     mammal, either sequentially in any order or simultaneously, amts. of
     .qtoreq.2 therapeutic agents selected from a compd. which is an
     antineoplastic agent and a compd. which is an inhibitor or prenyl-protein
     transferase. The invention also relates to methods of prepg. such compns.
     186692-73-9, Desoxyepothilone A 189453-10-9,
ΙT
     Desoxyepothilone B
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (antineoplastic agent-prenyl-protein transferase inhibitor combination
        for treating cancer, and compd. prepn.)
RE.CNT
RE
(1) Squibb & Sons Inc; EP 456180 A 1991
L35 ANSWER 8 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
AN
     1998:762086 HCAPLUS
DN
     129:343364
     Methods for preparation of epothilone derivatives
TI
     Gesellschaft fuer Biotechnologische Forschung m.b.H. (GBF), Germany
PA
SO
     Ger. Offen., 2 pp.
     CODEN: GWXXBX
DT
     Patent
     German
LA
FAN.CNT 1
                  KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO.
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                            _____
     DE 19821954 A1
                                           DE 1998-19821954 19980515 <--
PΙ
                            19981119
PRAI DE 1997-19720250 19970515 <--
OS
     MARPAT 129:343364
     Methods for prepn. of epothilone derivs. are characterized by: (a)
AB
     proceeding from epothilones A, B, C or D, wherein the C(2)- and C(3)-atoms
     can be joined together through CH2CH(OH) or CH:CH and wherein one provides
     an (un)protected OH group at the resulting bond at C(3) and C(7); (b)
     oxidn. at C(16) to form a keto group; (c1) exchanging the oxygen of the keto-group to a :CH2 group using Ph3P:CH2; and if necessary (d1) this :CH2
     group, with the help of the compd. RCH:CH2, is catalytically converted to
     a :CHR group [R = aliph. residue, (un) substituted Ph, heterocycle, esp. a pharmaceutically active residue]; or (c2) for the bond between C(16) and
     C(17) in known ways provides the CH:CH2 group, and if necessary (d2) this
     group with the help of metathesis is converted into a :CHR group. Also
     claimed is the use of ozone to form the C(16) keto group. In addn., the
     reaction of the keto group with NaBH4 followed by tosyl chloride and base
     or a Bamford-Stevens reaction to form the methylene compd. are claimed.
     Finally, rhodium, ruthenium, tungsten and molybdenum catalysts are claimed
     for the metathesis reactions.
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ΙT

186692-73-9, Epothilone C 189453-10-9

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Epothilone D
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (methods for prepn. of epothilone derivs.)
L35 ANSWER 9 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
AΝ
     1998:760149 HCAPLUS
DN
     130:29213
     Glycoconjugates of antitumor drugs with improved in vivo compatibility
TТ
    Bosslet, Klaus; Czech, Joerg; Gerken, Manfred; Straub, Rainer; Blumrich,
IN
    Matthias
    Hoechst A.-G., Germany
PA
     Ger. Offen., 8 pp.
SO
     CODEN: GWXXBX
     Patent
DT
    German
LA
FAN.CNT 1
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PΤ
    DE 19720312
                    A1 19981119
                                          DE 1997-19720312 19970515 <--
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                                          EP 1998-108041
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    EP 879605
                     A3 19981202
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                                          CA 1998-2237450 19980513 <--
                      AA 19981115
     CA 2237450
    US 6020315
                      Α
                           20000201
                                          US 1998-76878
                                                           19980513 <--
     CN 1199613
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                                          CN 1998-108475
                                                           19980514 <--
                      Α
                           19990629
                                         BR 1998-1632
                                                           19980514 <--
     BR 9801632
                      A
    AU 9866005
                      A1
                           19981119
                                         AU 1998-66005
                                                           19980515 <--
                                          JP 1998-133231
     JP 11029497
                          19990202
                                                          19980515 <--
                     Α2
PRAI DE 1997-19720312 19970515 <--
    MARPAT 130:29213
OS
    A compn. contg. a conjugate Glycosyl-Y[C(:Y)X]pW(R)nXC(:Y)A (Glycosyl =
AB
     enzymically cleavable poly-, oligo-, or monosaccharide; W = arom. or
     heteroarom. residue, aliph. residue with conjugated double bounds, or
     amino acid residue which cyclizes after cleavage of the glycosyl residue;
     R = H, Me, OMe, CO2H, CN, CO2Me, OH, NO2, F, Cl, Br, SO3H, SO2NH2,
     alkylsulfonamide; X = O, NH, CH2O, CH2NH, CH2NMe, etc.; Y = O, NH; A = O
     antitumor agent; p = 0, 1; n = integer), a sugar and/or sugar alc., a
     divalent ion, and a pharmacol. acceptable carrier shows enhanced antitumor
     activity with decreased side effects compared to the unconjugated drug.
     Preferably the conjugate is more hydrophilic than the unconjugated drug,
     and the spacer group is spontaneously cleaved by chem. hydrolysis. Thus,
     i.v. administration of a compn. contg. N-[4-0-(.beta.-D-
     glucopyranosyluronic acid)-3-nitrobenzyloxycarbonyl]doxorubicin Na salt
     (I) (400 mg/kg) in 0.9% NaCl soln. contg. 5% mannitol and CaCl2 to LoVo
     tumor-bearing mice on days 1, 4, and 8 considerably slowed tumor growth
     and decreased mortality compared to controls receiving I alone or combined
     only with mannitol.
     186692-73-9D, Epothilone C, glycoconjugates
IT
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (glycoconjugates of antitumor drugs with improved in vivo
        compatibility)
L35
    ANSWER 10 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
     1998:689291 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
     129:290251
     Preparation of prenyl derivatives as building blocks for epothilones
TI
     Wessjohann, Ludger A.; Kalesse, Markus
IN
PA
     Germany
SO
     Ger. Offen., 8 pp.
     CODEN: GWXXBX
DT
     Patent
     German
LA
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PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

FAN.CNT 1

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DE 19713970
                      A1
                            19981008
                                           DE 1997-19713970 19970404 <--
PΙ
PRAI DE 1997-19713970 19970404 <--
     Epothilone C(7)-C(18) building blocks are derived from
AΒ
     prenyl derivs. Thus, (S)-PhCH2OCHMeCHO was treated with neryl chloride in
     presence of BaI2 to give the adduct which was silylated, hydroxylated,
     oxidized to aldehyde, and subjected to double bond redn. to give
     PhCH2OCHMeCH(OSiMe2CMe3)CH2CH:CMe(CH2)3CHMeCHO.
    ANSWER 11 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
L35
     1998:405952 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
     129:81625
     Preparation of epothilone analogs as anticancer agents
ΤI
     Nicolaou, Costa Kyriacos; He, Yun; Ninkovic, Sacha; Pastor, Joaquin;
IN
     Roschangar, Frank; Sarabia, Francisco; Vallberg, Hans; Vourloumis,
     Dionisios; Winssinger, Nicolas; Yang, Zhen; King, Nigel Paul; et al.
     Novartis A.-G., Switz.; Scripps Research Institute
PA
     PCT Int. Appl., 213 pp.
so
     CODEN: PIXXD2
דית
     Patent
LΑ
     English
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
                     A1
                            19980618
                                          WO 1997-EP7011
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     WO 9825929
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             KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ,
             PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG,
             US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI,
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     AU 9857577
                      A1 19980703
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                                          EP 1997-953808
                                                            19971212 <--
     EP 944634
                       A1
                            19990929
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
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                                           BR 1997-14140
                                                            19971212 <--
                            20000229
     BR 9714140
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                            20000308
     CN 1246862
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PRAI US 1996-32864
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     US 1997-856533
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                      19970514
     US 1997-923869
                      19970904
                                <--
     WO 1997-EP7011
                      19971212
     MARPAT 129:81625
OS
GΙ
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$$R^3$$
 R^6
 R^7
 R^7
 R^7
 R^7
 R^7
 R^8
 R^8

AB Epothilone A, epothilone B, analogs of epothilone and libraries of epothilone analogs of formula I [X = (CH2)n; n = 1-5; R1 = OH, OMe,

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absent; R2, R3 = H, CH2, Me; R4 = H, Me, protecting group; R5 = H, Me,
    CHO, (substituted) CO2H, etc.; R6 = O, CH2, absent; R7 = thiazolealkyl,
    etc.] are synthesized. Epothilone A and B are known anticancer agents
    that derive their anticancer activity by the prevention of mitosis through
    the induction and stabilization of microtubulin assembly. Several of the
    analogs are demonstrated to have a superior cytotoxic activity as compared
    to epothilone A or epothilone B as demonstrated by their enhanced ability
    to induce the polymn. and stabilization of microtubules. Thus, II was
    prepd. and was shown to induce tubulin polymn. at 94% relative to GTP, and
    inhibit carcinoma cell growth.
    186692-73-9P 188260-10-8P 189453-10-9P
    189453-40-5P 193071-86-2P 193146-35-9P
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); RCT (Reactant);
    SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological
    study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (prepn. of epothilone analogs as anticancer agents)
    188259-95-2P 188260-34-6P 198571-16-3P
    198571-20-9P 198571-25-4P 198571-28-7P
    198571-29-8P 198571-31-2P 198571-32-3P
    198571-37-8P 198571-38-9P 198571-39-0P
    198571-66-3P 198571-70-9P
    RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic
    preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (prepn. of epothilone analogs as anticancer agents)
L35 ANSWER 12 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
    1998:352834 HCAPLUS
    129:53436
    Epothilone C, D, E and F, production process, and
    their use as cytostatics well as phytosanitary agents
    Reichenbach, Hans; Hofle, Gerhard; Gerth, Klaus;
    Steinmetz, Heinrich
    Gesellschaft Fur Biotechnologische Forschung m.b.H. (GBF), Germany;
    Reichenbach, Hans; Hofle, Gerhard; Gerth, Klaus; Steinmetz, Heinrich
     PCT Int. Appl., 40 pp.
    CODEN: PIXXD2
    Patent
     German
FAN.CNT 1
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
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                                         WO 1997-EP6442 19971118 <--
    WO 9822461 A1 19980528
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            LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT,
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     NO 9902338
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PRAI DE 1996-19647580 19961118 <--
     DE 1997-19707506 19970225 <--
     WO 1997-EP6442 19971118 <--
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IT

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LА

ΡI

AB The present invention concerns the epothilones, esp. epothilone C [I; R = H] and epothilone

p [I; R = Me] as well as epothilone E [II; R = H] and epothilone F [II; R = Me], the prodn. process, and their application for producing therapeutic agents, including cytostatic agents as well as phytosanitary agents.

IT 186692-73-9P, Epothilone C

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); RCT (Reactant); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(epothilone C, D, E and F, prodn. process, and use as cytostatics well as phytosanitary agents)

IT 189453-10-9P, Epothilone D

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(epothilone C, D, E and F, prodn. process, and use as cytostatics well as phytosanitary agents)

- L35 ANSWER 13 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
- AN 1998:163596 HCAPLUS
- DN 128:217229
- TI Method for producing epothilones and the intermediate products obtained during the production process
- PA Novartis Aktiengesellschaft, Switz.; Schinzer, Dieter; Limberg, Anja; Bohm, Oliver M.; Bauer, Armin; Cordes, Martin
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 48 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2
- DT Patent
- LA German
- FAN.CNT 2

PAIN.	PATENT NO.				KIND		DATE			APPLICATION NO.					DATE			
ΡI	WO 9808849				A1		19980305			WO 1997-DE111					19970115		<	
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							IL,											
			LU,	LV,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,
							TM,											

```
KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR,
             IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML,
             MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                           DE 1996-19636343 19960830 <--
     DE 19636343
                            19971023
                      C1
                                           DE 1996-19645361 19961028 <--
     DE 19645361
                            19980430
                       Α1
                            19980430
                                           DE 1996-19645362 19961028 <--
     DE 19645362
                      A1
                                                            19970115 <--
     AU 9721493
                      A1
                            19980319
                                           AU 1997-21493
     AU 716610
                       В2
                            20000302
                                           EP 1997-914077
     EP 923583
                      A1
                                                            19970115 <--
                            19990623
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, FI
PRAI DE 1996-19636343 19960830 <--
     DE 1996-19645361
                       19961028
                                <---
     DE 1996-19645362 19961028 <--
                     19970115 <--
     WO 1997-DE111
     CASREACT 128:217229; MARPAT 128:217229
os
GΙ
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* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

AB A method for producing epothilones I [R = H (A), Me (B)] is characterized by reaction of thiazole II with carboxylic acid III (B = CH2Ph, THP, silyl protecting group; R = H, Me), followed by olefin metathesis in the presence of a noble metal catalyst, hydroxyl deprotection and epoxidn. Thus, epothilone A (I; R = H) was prepd. via acylation of II with III (R = H, B = SiMe2CMe3) in CH2Cl2 contg. DCC and DMAP, followed by olefin metathesis in CH2Cl2 contg. catalytic benzylidenebis(tricyclohexylphosphin e)ruthenium dichloride, desilylation with aq. HF in Et2O/MeCN and epoxidn. with dimethyldioxirane in acetone. Epothilones A and B are natural substances which are produced by microorganisms and have similar properties to those of taxol and, therefore, are of interest to the pharmaceutical chem.

IT 186692-73-9P, Epothilone C 189453-10-9P, Desoxyepothilone B

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of epothilones via olefin metathesis)

L35 ANSWER 14 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AN 1998:729 HCAPLUS

DN 128:88685

TI Metathesis vs metastasis: the chemistry and biology of the epothilones

AU Finlay, Ray

CS Dep. Chemistry, The Skaggs Inst. for Chemical Biol., The Scripps Res. Inst., La Jolls, CA, 92037, USA

SO Chem. Ind. (London) (1997), (24), 991-996 CODEN: CHINAG; ISSN: 0009-3068

DD Cogiety of Chemical Industry

PB Society of Chemical Industry

DT Journal; General Review

LA English

AB A review with 15 refs. on a recent entry onto the scene of potentially useful natural products, the epothilones A - E, providing valuable information for the fight against cancer via their interaction with microtubules.

IT 186692-73-9P, Epothilone C 189453-10-9P, Epothilone D

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BOC (Biological occurrence); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (chem. and bioactivity of the epothilones)

L35 ANSWER 15 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AN 1997:724919 HCAPLUS

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127:346221
DN
     Synthesis of epothilones A and B in solid and solution phase. [Erratum to
TI
     document cited in CA127:4950]
     Nicolaou, K. C.; Winssinger, N.; Pastor, J.; Ninkovic, S.; Sarabia, F.;
ΑU
     He, Y.; Vourloumis, D.; Yang, Z.; Li, T.; Giannakakou, P.; Hamel, E.
     Dep. Chemistry, Skaggs Inst. Chem. Biology, Scripps Res. Inst., La Jolla,
CS
     CA, 92037, USA
     Nature (London) (1997), 390(6655), 100
so
     CODEN: NATUAS; ISSN: 0028-0836
PB
     Macmillan Magazines
DT
     Journal
LΑ
     English
     Ref. 19, includes, in addn. to a total synthesis of epothilone B, biol.
AB
     data for compd. 23 and other congeners similar to the reported in the
     Letter.
ΙT
     186692-73-9P 189453-10-9P
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); RCT (Reactant);
     SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of a combinatorial library via solid-phase synthesis of
        epothilone A and soln.-phase synthesis of epothilone B (Erratum))
ΙT
     188260-10-8P 189453-40-5P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of a combinatorial library via solid-phase synthesis of
        epothilone A and soln.-phase synthesis of epothilone B (Erratum))
    ANSWER 16 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
L35
     1997:714315 HCAPLUS
ΑN
     128:3560
DN
     Designed epothilones: combinatorial synthesis, tubulin assembly
TI
     properties, and cytotoxic action against taxol-resistant tumor cells
     Nicolaou, K. C.; Vourloumis, Dionisios; Li, Tianhu; Pastor, Joaquin;
ΑU
     Winssinger, Nicolas; He, Yun; Ninkovic, Sacha; Sarabia, Francisco;
     Vallberg, Hans; Roschangar, Frank; King, N. Paul; Finlay, M. Ray V.; Giannakakou, Pareskevi; Verdier-Pinard, Pascal; Hamel, Ernest
CS
     Department of Chemistry and The Skaggs Institute for Chemical Biology, The
     Scripps Research Institute, La Jolla, CA, 92037, USA
     Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. Engl. (1997), 36(19), 2097-2103
SO
     CODEN: ACIEAY; ISSN: 0570-0833
PB
     Wiley-VCH
DT
     Journal
LΑ
     English
     The title work demonstrates the power of interfacing combinatorial chem.
AΒ
     with chem. biol. as facilitated by solid-phase synthesis, radiofrequency
     encoded combinatorial chem. and modern biol. assays. A library of 112
     epothilones were prepd. by solid-phase synthesis, their structure activity
     relationships measured by tubulin binding assay and some tested for
     inhibition of carcinoma cell growth.
     186692-73-9P 188259-95-2P 188260-10-8P
IT
     188260-34-6P 189453-10-9P 189453-40-5P
     193071-86-2P 193146-35-9P 198571-16-3P
     198571-20-9P 198571-25-4P 198571-28-7P
     198571-29-8P 198571-31-2P 198571-32-3P
     198571-37-8P 198571-38-9P 198571-39-0P
     198571-66-3P 198571-70-9P
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic
     preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (combinatorial synthesis of epothilone library, tubulin assembly
        properties, and cytotoxic action against taxol-resistant tumor cells)
L35 ANSWER 17 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
     1997:714314 HCAPLUS
AN
     127:358730
DN
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Structure-activity relationships of the epothilones and the first in vivo ΤI comparison with paclitaxel

Su, Dai-Shi; Balog, Aaron; Meng, Dongfang; Bertinato, Peter; Danishefsky, ΑU

Samuel J.; Zheng, Yu-Huang; Chou, Ting-Chao; He, Lifeng; Horwitz, Susan B. CS Laboratory for Bioorganic Chemistry, Sloan-Kettering Institute for Cancer Research, New York, NY, 10021, USA

SO Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. Engl. (1997), 36(19), 2093-2096 CODEN: ACIEAY; ISSN: 0570-0833

PB Wiley-VCH

DT Journal

LA English

The structure-activity relationships of the epothilones and 18 derivs. and analogs were studied. An in vivo comparison of the chemotherapeutic effect of epothilone B with that of paclitaxel was also studied. The chemotherapeutic effect of daily doses of epothilone B (0.7 mg/kg) and paclitaxel (2 mg/kg) in CB-17 SCID mice bearing drug-resistant human CCRF-CEM/VBL xenografts were T/C = 0.33 and T/C = 0.70, resp.

IT 186692-73-9, Desoxyepothilone A 188260-10-8 189453-10-9, Desoxyepothilone B 189453-40-5

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BIOL (Biological study)

(structure-activity relationships of the epothilones and in vivo comparison with paclitaxel)

L35 ANSWER 18 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AN 1997:665094 HCAPLUS

DN 127:293040

TI Total Syntheses of Epothilones A and B

AU Meng, Dongfang; Bertinato, Peter; Balog, Aaron; Su, Dai-Shi; Kamenecka, Ted; Sorensen, Erik; Danishefsky, Samuel J.

CS Laboratory for Bioorganic Chemistry, Sloan-Kettering Institute for Cancer Research, New York, NY, 10021, USA

SO J. Am. Chem. Soc. (1997), 119(42), 10073-10092

CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863

PB American Chemical Society

DT Journal

LA English

OS CASREACT 127:293040

GΙ

AB Convergent, stereocontrolled total syntheses of the microtubule-stabilizing macrolides epothilones A (I; R = H) and B (I; R = Me) have been achieved. Four distinct ring-forming strategies were pursued. Of these four, three were reduced to practice. In one approach, the action of a base on a substance possessing an acetate ester and a nonenolizable aldehyde brought about a remarkably effective macroaldolization simultaneously creating the C2-C3 bond and the hydroxyl-bearing stereocenter at C-3. Alternatively, the 16-membered macrolide of the epothilones could be fashioned through a C12-C13 ring-closing olefin metathesis and through macrolactonization of the appropriate hydroxy acid.

The application of a stereospecific B-alkyl Suzuki coupling strategy permitted the establishment of a cis C12-C13 olefin, thus setting the stage for an eventual site- and diastereoselective epoxidn. reaction. The development of a novel cyclopropane solvolysis strategy for incorporating the geminal Me groups of the epothilones, and the use of Lewis acid catalyzed diene-aldehyde cyclocondensation (LACDAC) and asym. allylation methodol. are also noteworthy.

L35 ANSWER 19 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AN 1997:528753 HCAPLUS

DN 127:135660

TI Total Syntheses of Epothilones A and B via a Macrolactonization-Based Strategy

AU Nicolaou, K. C.; Ninkovic, S.; Sarabia, F.; Vourloumis, D.; He, Y.; Vallberg, H.; Finlay, M. R. V.; Yang, Z.

CS Department of Chemistry and The Skaggs, Institute for Chemical Biology, La Jolla, CA, 92037, USA

SO J. Am. Chem. Soc. (1997), 119(34), 7974-7991 CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863

American Chemical Society

PB American DT Journal

LA English

OS CASREACT 127:135660

GΙ

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

The total syntheses of epothilones A (I) (R = H) and B I (R = Me) and several analogs are described. The reported strategy relies on a macrolactonization approach and features selective epoxidn. of the macrocycle double bond in precursors II (R = H, Me) as well as high convergency and flexibility. Building blocks (S)-MeCH2COC(Me)2CH(OSiMe2CMe3)CH2CO2H, (S)-Me3CMe2SiOCH2CH(Me)CH2CH2CH2COR (R = H, Me), (III) [R2 = CH2CH2P+(Ph)3I-; CH2CHO] were constructed by asym. processes and coupled via Wittig, aldol, and macrolactonization reactions to afford the basic skeleton of epothilones and that of several of their analogs by a relatively short route. The utilization of intermediate III [R2 = (E)-CH2CH=C(Me)CH2CH2CH2I], obtained via a stereoselective Wittig reaction and its Enders coupling to SAMP hydrazone, in combination with a stereoselective aldol reaction with the modified substrate (S)-MeCH2COC(Me)2CH(OSiMe2CMe3)CH2CH2OSiMe2CMe3 improved the stereoselectivity and efficiency of the total synthesis of these new and highly potent microtubule binding antitumor agents.

IT 186692-73-9P 189453-10-9P 189453-40-5P 193146-35-9P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (total syntheses of epothilones A and B via a macrolactonization-based strategy)

L35 ANSWER 20 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AN 1997:528752 HCAPLUS

DN 127:149021

TI The Olefin Metathesis Approach to Epothilone A and Its Analogs

AU Nicolaou, K. C.; He, Y.; Vourloumis, D.; Vallberg, H.; Roschangar, F.;

```
Sarabia, F.; S.Ninkovic,; Yang, Z.; Trujillo, J. I.
     Department of Chemistry and The Skaggs, Institute for Chemical Biology, La
CS
     Jolla, CA, 92037, USA
     J. Am. Chem. Soc. (1997), 119(34), 7960-7973
SO
     CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863
     American Chemical Society
PB
     Journal
DT
LΑ
     English
     CASREACT 127:149021
os
     For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
GΙ
     The olefin metathesis approach to epothilone A (I) and several
AB
     diastereomeric analogs is described. Key building blocks II,
     (S)-OHCCH(Me)CH2CH2CH2CH=CH2, and (S)-MeCH2COC(Me)2CH(OSiMe2CMe3)CH2CO2H
     were constructed in optically active form and were coupled and elaborated
     to olefin metathesis precursor III (R = SiMe2CMe3) via an aldol reaction
     and an esterification coupling. Olefin metathesis of compd. III (R =
     SiMe2CMe3), under the catalytic influence of RuCl2(:CHPh)(PCy3)2,
     furnished cis- and trans-cyclic olefins IV (R = SiMe2CMe3). Epoxidn. of
     (Z)-IV (R = H) gave I and several analogs, whereas epoxidn. of (E)-IV (R =
     H) resulted in addnl. epothilones. Similar elaboration of isomeric as
     well as simpler intermediates resulted in yet another series of epothilone
     analogs and model systems.
     186692-73-9P 188260-10-8P 193071-86-2P
ΙT
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (synthesis of epothilone A and analogs via olefin metathesis)
    ANSWER 21 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
L35
     1997:443365 HCAPLUS
AN
     127:81289
DN
     Preparation of epothilone derivatives as agrochemicals and pharmaceuticals
TI
     Hofle, Gerhard; Kiffe, Michael
IN
     Gesellschaft Fur Biotechnologische Forschung Mbh (Gbf), Germany; Hofle,
PA
     Gerhard; Kiffe, Michael
     PCT Int. Appl., 38 pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
     Patent
DT
LΑ
     German
FAN.CNT 2
                      KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO.
                      ____
                            19970529
                                          WO 1996-EP5080 19961118 <--
     WO 9719086
                      A1
ΡI
        W: JP, US
         RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
                                          DE 1995-19542986 19951117 <--
                            19970522
     DE 19542986
                      A1
     DE 19639456
                       A1
                            19980326
                                          DE 1996-19639456 19960925 <--
                                          EP 1996-939097
                                                          19961118 <--
     EP 873341
                      A1
                            19981028
           AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, FI
     JP 2000500757
                            20000125
                                          JP 1997-519381
                                                            19961118 <--
                       T2
PRAI DE 1995-19542986 19951117 <--
     DE 1996-19639456 19960925 <--
     WO 1996-EP5080
                      19961118 <--
     MARPAT 127:81289
OS
GΙ
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The title compds., e.g., I [R = H, C1-4 alkyl; R1, R2 = H, C1-6 alkyl, C1-6 acyl, benzoyl, C1-4 trialkylsilyl, benzyl, Ph, C1-6 alkoxy, C6 alkyl-, hydroxy-, and halo-substituted benzyl or phenyl; X, Y = H, halo, pseudohalo, OH, acyloxy, alkoxy, benzoyloxy; or YZ = O, bond; however, I may not be epothilone A or B], useful as agrochems. and pharmaceuticals (no data), are prepd. Thus, epothilone A in acetone contg. trifluoroacetic acid was heated overnight at 50.degree. and the reaction mixt. was adjusted to pH 7 with 1 M phosphate buffer to give 2 isomers, each in 19% yield.

IT 186692-73-9P, Epothilone C 189453-10-9P, Epothilone D

RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of epothilone derivs. as agrochems. and pharmaceuticals)

- L35 ANSWER 22 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
- AN 1997:430309 HCAPLUS
- DN 127:108793
- TI Stereoselective syntheses and evaluation of compounds in the 8-desmethylepothilone A series: some surprising observations regarding their chemical and biological properties
- AU Balog, Aaron; Betinato, Peter; Su, Dai-Shi; Meng, Dongfang; Sorensen, Erik; Danishefsky, Samuel J.; Zheng, Yu-Huang; Chou, Ting-Chao; He, Lifeng; Horwitz, Susan B.
- CS Lab. Bioorganic Chem., Sloan-Kettering Inst. Cancer Res., New York, NY, 10021, USA
- SO Tetrahedron Lett. (1997), 38(26), 4529-4532 CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039
- PB Elsevier
- DT Journal
- LA English
- OS CASREACT 127:108793
- AB The title compds. have been synthesized in a convergent way by recourse to a Weiler type dianion construction.
- IT 186692-73-9, Desoxyepothilone A 189453-10-9,

Desoxyepothilone B

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BIOL (Biological study)

(stereoselective syntheses and evaluation of compds. in the 8-desmethylepothilone A series)

- L35 ANSWER 23 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
- AN 1997:330310 HCAPLUS
- DN 127:4950
- TI Synthesis of epothilones A and B in solid and solution phase
- AU Nicolaou, K. C.; Winssinger, N.; Pastor, J.; Ninkovic, S.; Sarabia, F.; He, Y.; Vourloumis, D.; Yang, Z.; Li, T.; Giannakakou, P.; Hamel, E.
- CS Dep. Chemistry, Skaggs Inst. Chem. Biology, Scripps Res. Inst., La Jolla, CA, 92037, USA
- SO Nature (London) (1997), 387(6630), 268-272 CODEN: NATUAS; ISSN: 0028-0836
- PB Macmillan Magazines

DT Journal LA English

OS CASREACT 127:4950

GΙ

Epothilones A (I; R = H) and B (I: R = Me), two compds. that were recently AΒ isolated from myxobacterium Sorangium cellulosum strain 90, have generated intense interest among chemists, biologists and clinicians owing to the structural complexity, unusual mechanism of interaction with microtubules and anticancer potential of these mols. Like taxol, they exhibit cytotoxicity against tumor cells by inducing microtubule assembly and stabilization, even in taxol-resistant cell lines. Following the structural elucidation of these mols. by X-ray crystallog. in 1996, several synthesis of epothilones A and B have been reported, indicative of the potential importance of these mols. in the cancer field. Here we report the first solid-phase synthesis of epothilone A, the total synthesis of epothilone B, and the generation of a small epothilone library. The solid-phase synthesis applied here to epothilone A could open up new possibilities in natural-product synthesis and, together with soln.-phase synthesis of other epothilones, paves the way for the generation of large combinatorial libraries of these important mols. for biol. screening.

IT 186692-73-9P 189453-10-9P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of a combinatorial library via solid-phase synthesis of epothilone A and soln.-phase synthesis of epothilone B)

IT 188260-10-8P 189453-40-5P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of a combinatorial library via solid-phase synthesis of epothilone A and soln.-phase synthesis of epothilone B)

L35 ANSWER 24 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AN 1997:302059 HCAPLUS

DN 127:4948

TI Total synthesis of (-)-epothilone B: an extension of the Suzuki coupling method and insights into structure-activity relationships of the epothilones

AU Su, Dai-Shi; Meng, Dongfang; Bertinato, Peter; Balog, Aaron; Sorensen, Erik J.; Danishefsky, Samuel J.; Zheng, Yu-Huang; Chou, Ting-Chao; He, Lifeng; Horwitz, Susan B.

CS Laboratory for Bioorganic Chemistry, Sloan-Kettering Institute for Cancer Research, New York, NY, 10021, USA

SO Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. Engl. (1997), 36(7), 757-759 CODEN: ACIEAY; ISSN: 0570-0833

PB VCH

DT Journal

LA English

OS CASREACT 127:4948

GΙ

- * STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *
- AB (-)-Epothilone B (I; R = Me, X = O) and desoxyepothilone B (I; R = Me, X = bond) were prepd. via Suzuki coupling of (Z)-vinyl iodide II with borane III. I (R = H, Me, X = O, bond) and the E-isomers of I (R = H, Me, X = bond) were tested for efficacy against drug-sensitive and resistant CCRF-CEM cell lines (IC50 = $0.0004 0.262 \cdot mu.M$).
- IT 186692-73-9, Desoxyepothilone A 188260-10-8,
 trans-Desoxyepothilone A 189453-40-5, trans-Desoxyepothilone B
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BIOL
 (Biological study)

(synthesis of epothilone B via a Suzuki coupling and insights into antitumor structure-activity relationships)

- L35 ANSWER 25 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
- AN 1997:206419 HCAPLUS
- DN 126:251010
- TI Total synthesis of epothilone A: the macrolactonization approach
- AU Nicolaou, K. C.; Sarabia, Francisco; Ninkovic, Sacha; Yang, Zhen
- CS Dep. Chem., Skaggs Inst. Chem. Biol. Scripps Res. Inst., La Jolla, CA, 92037, USA
- SO Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. Engl. (1997), 36(5), 525-527 CODEN: ACIEAY; ISSN: 0570-0833
- PB VCH
- DT Journal
- LA English
- OS CASREACT 126:251010

- AB Epothilone A (I) was prepd. via a highly convergent and flexible route with macrolactonization of hydroxy acid II as the key step.
- IT 186692-73-9P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (total synthesis of epothilone A via a macrolactonization approach)

L35 ANSWER 26 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AN 1997:206418 HCAPLUS

DN 126:277316

TI Total synthesis of (-)-epothilone A

- AU Schinzer, Dieter; Limberg, Anja; Bauer, Armin; Boehm, Oliver M.; Cordes, Martin
- CS Dip. Chim., Inst. Org. Chem. Tech. Univ. Hagenring, Braunschweig, D-38106, Germany
- SO Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. Engl. (1997), 36(5), 523-524 CODEN: ACIEAY; ISSN: 0570-0833

PB VCH

DT Journal

LA English

OS CASREACT 126:277316

GI

- AB Stereoselective total synthesis of (-)-epothilone A and **epothilone c** was reported. The key step was the diastereoselective prepn. of intermediate ketone I by an aldol condensation of II with (S)-2-methyl-6-heptenal.
- L35 ANSWER 27 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AN 1997:175662 HCAPLUS

DN 126:225133

- TI Remote Effects in Macrolide Formation through Ring-Forming Olefin Metathesis: An Application to the Synthesis of Fully Active Epothilone Congeners
- AU Meng, Dongfang; Su, Dai-Shi; Balog, Aaron; Bertinato, Peter; Sorensen, Erik J.; Danishefsky, Samuel J.; Zheng, Yu-Huang; Chou, Ting-Chao; He, Lifeng; Horwitz, Susan B.
- CS Laboratories for Bioorganic Chemistry and Biochemical Pharmacology, Sloan-Kettering Institute for Cancer Research, New York, NY, 10021, USA

SO J. Am. Chem. Soc. (1997), 119(11), 2733-2734 CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863

- PB American Chemical Society
- DT Journal
- LA English

OS CASREACT 126:225133

GT

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

AB A ring closing olefin metathesis strategy for the synthesis of the previously encountered desoxyepothilone A (I) is described. A merging of the alkyl segment II (carbons 12-21) and acyl segment III (carbons 3-11) through an intermol. aldol-condensation reaction provided substrates

needed for ring closing olefin metathesis. Thus, thiazole IV underwent olefin metathesis in C6H6 contg. 50 mol % (PhCH:)[P(cyclohexyl)3]2RuCl2 to give 65% II and its E-isomer (Z:E 1:2). The results of these cyclization indicate a remarkable sensitivity to permutations of functionality at centers remote from the site of olefin metathesis. The in vitro biol. activity of E and Z desoxyepothilone as well as several related congeners is also described. I has IC50 range of 0.012-0.022 .mu.M against drug-sensitive and -resistant human leukemic CCRF-CEM cell lines.

IT 188259-95-2P

IT 186692-73-9P, (-)-Deoxyepothilone A 188260-10-8P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of antitumor epothilone congeners via ring-forming olefin metathesis)

188260-34-6P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of antitumor epothilone congeners via ring-forming olefin metathesis)

L35 ANSWER 28 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AN 1997:117381 HCAPLUS

DN 126:199371

TI Total synthesis of epothilone A: the olefin metathesis approach

AU Yang, Zhen; He, Yun; Vourloumis, Dionisios; Vallberg, Hans; Nicolaou, K. C.

CS Department Chemistry Skaggs Institute Chemical Biology, Scripps Research Institute, La Jolla, CA, 92037, USA

Ι

II

Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. Engl. (1997), 36(1/2), 166-168

CODEN: ACIEAY; ISSN: 0570-0833

PB VCH

DT Journal

LA English

OS CASREACT 126:199371

GI

SO

IT

AB The asym. total synthesis of epothilone A (I) from EtCOCMe2CHO, (S)-H2C:CH(CH2)3CHMeCHO and Et 2-methylthiazole-4-carboxylate via metathesis of olefin II is described.

IT 186692-73-9P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (total synthesis of epothilone A via an olefin metathesis)

- L35 ANSWER 29 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
- AN 1997:72321 HCAPLUS
- DN 126:144023
- TI Total synthesis of (-)-epothilone A
- AU Balog, Aaron; Meng, Dongfang; Kamenecka, Ted; Bertinato, Peter; Su, Dai-Shi; Sorensen, Erik J.; Danishefsky, Samuel J.
- CS Lab. for Bioorganic Chemistry, Sloan-Kettering Institute for Cancer Research, New York, NY, 10021, USA
- SO Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. Engl. (1997), Volume Date 1996, 35(23/24), 2801-2803 CODEN: ACIEAY; ISSN: 0570-0833
- PB VCH
- DT Journal
- LA English
- GI

AB (-)-Epothilone A was prepd. from dithiane I, (R)-glycidol and [(2-methyl-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)methyl]diphenylphosphine oxide via a B-alkyl Suzuki coupling of thiazole II with acetal III followed by closure of the macrocycle with an aldol reaction.

IT 186692-73-9P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (total synthesis of (-)-epothilone A via a B-alkyl Suzuki coupling followed by closure of the macrocycle with an aldol reaction)

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FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 08:29:27 ON 08 DEC 2000 CA INDEXING COPYRIGHT (C) 2000 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE COVERS 1971 TO PATENT PUBLICATION DATE: 5 Dec 2000 (20001205/PD) FILE LAST UPDATED: 5 Dec 2000 (20001205/ED) HIGHEST PATENT NUMBER: US6158049

CA INDEXING IS CURRENT THROUGH 5 Dec 2000 (20001205/UPCA)

ISSUE CLASS FIELDS (/INCL) CURRENT THROUGH: 5 Dec 2000 (20001205/PD) REVISED CLASS FIELDS (/NCL) LAST RELOADED: Sep 2000 USPTO MANUAL OF CLASSIFICATIONS THESAURUS ISSUE DATE: Sep 2000

- >>> Page images are available for patents from 1/1/1997. Current <<< >>> week patent text is typically loaded by Thursday morning and <<<
- >>> page images are available for display by the end of the day. <<<
- >>> Image data for the /FA field are available the following week. <<<
- >>> Complete CA file indexing for chemical patents (or equivalents) <<<
- >>> is included in file records. A thesaurus is available for the <<<
- >>> USPTO Manual of Classifications in the /NCL, /INCL, and /RPCL $\ensuremath{<<<}$
- >>> fields. This thesaurus includes catchword terms from the
- >>> USPTO/MOC subject headings and subheadings. Thesauri are also <<<
- >>> available for the WIPO International Patent Classification <<<
- >>> (IPC) Manuals, editions 1-6, in the /IC1, /IC2, /IC3, /IC4, <<<
- >>> /IC5, and /IC (/IC6) fields, respectively. The thesauri in <<<
- >>> the /IC5 and /IC fields include the corresponding catchword <<<
- >>> terms from the IPC subject headings and subheadings. <<<

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> d bib abs kwic hitrn tot 138

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L38 ANSWER 1 OF 9 USPATFULL
```

- AN 2000:164661 USPATFULL
- TI Deoxy epothilones and intermediates utilized in the process for preparing epothilones
- IN Schinzer, Dieter, Braunschweig, Germany, Federal Republic of Limberg, Anja, Newport Beach, CA, United States Bohm, Oliver M., Magdeburg, Germany, Federal Republic of Bauer, Armin, Braunschweig, Germany, Federal Republic of Cordes, Martin, Magdeburg, Germany, Federal Republic of
- PA Novartis AG, Switzerland (non-U.S. corporation)
- PI US 6156905 20001205
- AI US 2000-478466 20000106 (9)
- RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1999-344713, filed on 25 Jun 1999, now patented, Pat. No. US 6043372 which is a division of Ser. No. US 1997-921512, filed on 2 Sep 1997, now patented, Pat. No. US 5969145
- PRAI DE 1996-19636343 19960830 DE 1996-19645361 19961028 DE 1996-19645362 19961028 US 1996-27480 19960926 (60)
- DT Utility
- EXNAM Primary Examiner: Lambkin, Deborah C.
- LREP Borovian, Joseph J. CLMN Number of Claims: 6 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
- DRWN No Drawings
- LN.CNT 829
- AB The invention relates to a process for the production of epothilones and intermediate products within the process.

Epothilones A and B are natural substances, which can be produced by microorganisms, and the taxols have similar properties and are thus of particular interest in pharmaceutical chemistry.

- DETD Diagram 4: Production of **Epothilone C** (compound 19) and Epothilone A:1 ##STR13## a) 1.3 equivalents of dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (DCC), 0.2 equivalent of 4-dimethylaminopyridine (4-DMAP), CH.sub.2 Cl.sub.2, RT,.
- DETD (4S,7R,8S,9S,16S,1Z)-4,8-Dihydroxy-5,5,7,9-tetra-methyl-16-[(E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-thiazol-4-yl)-vinyl]-1-oxa-cyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione 19 ("Epothilone C") and

```
DETD
       *(4S, 7R, 8S, 9S, 16S, 13Z)-4, 8-dihydroxy-5, 5, 7, 9, 13-penta-methyl-16-[(E)-1-
       methyl-2-(2-methyl-thiazol-4-yl)-vinyl]-1-oxa-cyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-
       dione 19a ("Epothilone D")
   ANSWER 2 OF 9 USPATFULL
L38
       2000:123520 USPATFULL
ΑN
       Tablet packing apparatus
ΤI
       Yuyama, Shoji, Toyonaka, Japan
IN
       Kodama, Tsuyoshi, Toyonaka, Japan
       Honda, Shinichi, Toyonaka, Japan
       Hayashi, Hirotaka, Amagasaki, Japan
       Hayashi, Hirofumi, Toyonaka, Japan
       Sugimoto, Kouichi, Toyonaka, Japan
       Kohama, Akitomi, Toyonaka, Japan
       Yuyama Mfg. Co., Ltd., Toyonaka, Japan (non-U.S. corporation)
PA
       US 6119737 20000919
PΙ
       US 1998-97733 19980616 (9)
ΑI
       JP 1997-159734
                           19970617
PRAI
       JP 1998-118619
                           19980428
DT
       Utility
       Primary Examiner: Recla, Henry J.; Assistant Examiner: deVore, Peter
EXNAM
       Wenderoth, Lind & Ponack, L.L.P.
LREP
       Number of Claims: 16
CLMN
       Exemplary Claim: 1
ECL
DRWN
       51 Drawing Figure(s); 32 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 1311
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       A tablet packing apparatus of the present invention have a tablet
AB
       feeding section 2 for feeding tablets, tablet vessel feeding sections 3
       for feeding tablet vessels 11, and a tablet packing section 4 for
       packing tablets fed from the tablet feeding section 2, into a tablet
       vessel 11 fed from the tablet vessel feeding sections 3. The tablet
       feeding section comprises a plurality of feeder vessels 36 for storing
       different types of tablets and a tablet conveyor 27 for conveying the
       tablets discharged from the feeder vessels 36, to the tablet packing
       section 4. In the apparatus, the following restoring process is
       executed. After the apparatus is stopped due to abnormality, the tablets
       remaining in the guide paths 31 and the tablets conveyor means 27 are
       conveyed to the tablet packing section 4 by the tablets conveyor means
       27 to recover them into the tablet vessel 11 and then the tablet vessel
       11 is transferred to the container chamber 6 of the storage shelves 1.
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
   189453-10-9P, Desoxyepothilone B
                                       198475-05-7P
                                                      198475-08-0P
      219824-14-3P
                     219824-30-3P
        (synthesis of epothilones, intermediates and analogs for use in
        treatment of cancers with multidrug-resistant phenotype)
      184297-59-4 186692-73-9, Desoxyepothilone A 188259-95-2
IT
      188260-09-5 188260-10-8 189453-40-5
                                            192370-71-1
      192370-82-4
                  198475-06-8
                                  198475-07-9
                                                198475-09-1
                                                              198475-11-5
                                  204918-11-6
                                               219555-42-7
                                                              219824-31-4
      198475-12-6
                  198475-14-8
      219824-32-5 219824-34-7
                                  219824-36-9
                                                219824-38-1
                                                              219824-39-2
      219824-40-5 241129-02-2
                                  241129-03-3
                                                241129-04-4
                                                              241129-05-5
                   241129-07-7
                                  241129-08-8
                                                241129-09-9
                                                              241129-10-2
      241129-06-6
      241129-11-3
                   241129-12-4
                                  241129-13-5
        (synthesis of epothilones, intermediates and analogs for use in
        treatment of cancers with multidrug-resistant phenotype)
     189453-10-9P, Desoxyepothilone B
TΤ
        (synthesis of epothilones, intermediates and analogs for use in
        treatment of cancers with multidrug-resistant phenotype)
IT
     186692-73-9, Desoxyepothilone A 188259-95-2
    188260-10-8 189453-40-5
        (synthesis of epothilones, intermediates and analogs for use in
        treatment of cancers with multidrug-resistant phenotype)
```

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2000:110125 USPATFULL
AN
       Chevron correction and autofocus optics for laser scanner
ΤI
       Yao, Shi-Kay, Placentia, CA, United States
IN
       Tamkin, John M., Oro Valley, AZ, United States
       Etec Systems, Inc., Hayward, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)
PA
       US 6107622 20000822
PΤ
       US 1998-92319 19980605 (9)
AΤ
                          19970708 (60)
       US 1997-51974
PRAT
DT
       Utility
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Allen, Stephone B.
       Skjerven Morrill MacPherson LLP; Millers, David T.
LREP
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 19
       Exemplary Claim: 1
ECL
       6 Drawing Figure(s); 3 Drawing Page(s)
DRWN
LN.CNT 524
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       In a light raster scanning system imaging a medium located on a movable
AΒ
       stage and using bidirectional scanning, i.e. scanning during stage
       movement in two opposing directions, the problem of chevron artifacts
       (angle errors), due to the different stage movement directions, is
       overcome by a system of reflective optics including two optical elements
       dynamically movable relative to one another. One of the optical
       reflective elements is tilted or rotated relative to the other to
       compensate for the angle error causing the chevron artifacts. The amount
       of this tilt is dynamically altered depending on the direction of stage
       travel and also may be dynamically adjusted to maintain linearity of the
       scan pattern in spite of any other irregularities in stage velocity.
       Also an autofocus feature is provided, whereby the two reflective
       elements are moved relative to one another to dynamically alter the
       focus of the light beam onto the medium and hence overcome any defocus
       problems due to irregularities in the medium surface.
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
                                       198475-05-7P
                                                     198475-08-0P
    189453-10-9P, Desoxyepothilone B
      219824-14-3P
                     219824-30-3P
        (synthesis of epothilones, intermediates and analogs for use in
        treatment of cancers with multidrug-resistant phenotype)
      184297-59-4 186692-73-9, Desoxyepothilone A 188259-95-2
IT
      188260-09-5 188260-10-8 189453-40-5
                                          192370-71-1
      192370-82-4 198475-06-8
                                  198475-07-9
                                               198475-09-1
                                                             198475-11-5
      198475-12-6 198475-14-8
                                 204918-11-6 219555-42-7
                                                             219824-31-4
      219824-32-5 219824-34-7
                                 219824-36-9 219824-38-1
                                                             219824-39-2
                                241129-03-3 241129-04-4
      219824-40-5 241129-02-2
                                                             241129-05-5
                                               241129-09-9
      241129-06-6 241129-07-7
                                  241129-08-8
                                                             241129-10-2
      241129-11-3 241129-12-4
                                 241129-13-5
        (synthesis of epothilones, intermediates and analogs for use in
        treatment of cancers with multidrug-resistant phenotype)
ΙT
     189453-10-9P, Desoxyepothilone B
        (synthesis of epothilones, intermediates and analogs for use in
        treatment of cancers with multidrug-resistant phenotype)
     186692-73-9, Desoxyepothilone A 188259-95-2
ΙT
    188260-10-8 189453-40-5
        (synthesis of epothilones, intermediates and analogs for use in
        treatment of cancers with multidrug-resistant phenotype)
    ANSWER 4 OF 9 USPATFULL
       2000:53929 USPATFULL
ΑN
       Mass production and long-term preservation of fungivorous nematodes and
ΤI
       uses thereof
IN
       Ishibashi, Nobuyoshi, Saga, Japan
       Saga University, Saga, Japan (non-U.S. corporation)
PA
       US 6057145 20000502
ΡI
       US 1997-977626 19971125 (8)
ΑI
PRAI
       JP 1997-21245
                           19970204
DT
       Utility
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Saucier, Sandra E.; Assistant Examiner: Afremova, Vera
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LREP
       Venable; Schneller, John W.; Rories, Charles C.
      Number of Claims: 13
CLMN
      Exemplary Claim: 1
ECL
DRWN
      No Drawings
LN.CNT 938
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
AB
      A host fungus of a fungivorous nematode is inoculated on a solid medium
       or an artificial liquid medium containing an industrial vegetable waste
       or by-product, and then the nematode whose whole body have been
       sterilized is inoculated and mass-cultivated. Fungivorous ability of the
       nematode can be kept by subculturing using different host fungus on
       every culturing stage. The nematodes, when maintained about 10 days in
       an aerobic condition at 20-25.degree. C. with a relative humidity
       gradually inclined from high to low and dried to anhydrobiotic
       conditions, can be preserved for a long time. The nematode can be used
       for biological control of soil pathogens and soil insect pests.
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
IT 189453-10-9P, Desoxyepothilone B
                                      198475-05-7P 198475-08-0P
      219824-14-3P
                    219824-30-3P
        (synthesis of epothilones, intermediates and analogs for use in
        treatment of cancers with multidrug-resistant phenotype)
IT
      184297-59-4 186692-73-9, Desoxyepothilone A 188259-95-2
      188260-09-5 188260-10-8 189453-40-5
                                          192370-71-1
      192370-82-4 198475-06-8 198475-07-9
                                              198475-09-1
                                                             198475-11-5
      198475-12-6 198475-14-8
                                              219555-42-7 219824-31-4
                                  204918-11-6
     219824-32-5 219824-34-7
                                              219824-38-1 219824-39-2
                                 219824-36-9
     219824-40-5 241129-02-2
                                 241129-03-3
                                               241129-04-4 241129-05-5
     241129-06-6 241129-07-7
                                               241129-09-9 241129-10-2
                                 241129-08-8
                  241129-12-4 241129-13-5
     241129-11-3
        (synthesis of epothilones, intermediates and analogs for use in
        treatment of cancers with multidrug-resistant phenotype)
     189453-10-9P, Desoxyepothilone B
TΤ
        (synthesis of epothilones, intermediates and analogs for use in
        treatment of cancers with multidrug-resistant phenotype)
IT
     186692-73-9, Desoxyepothilone A 188259-95-2
    188260-10-8 189453-40-5
        (synthesis of epothilones, intermediates and analogs for use in
        treatment of cancers with multidrug-resistant phenotype)
L38 ANSWER 5 OF 9 USPATFULL
       2000:37928 USPATFULL
AN
ΤI
       Intermediates in the process for preparing epothilones
IN
       Schinzer, Dieter, Braunschweig, Germany, Federal Republic of
      Limberg, Anja, Newport Beach, CA, United States
      Bohm, Oliver M., Magdeburgh, Germany, Federal Republic of
      Bauer, Armin, Braunschweig, Germany, Federal Republic of
      Cordes, Martin, Braunschweig, Germany, Federal Republic of
      Novartis AG, Basel, Switzerland (non-U.S. corporation)
PΑ
PΙ
      US 6043372 20000328
      US 1999-344713 19990625 (9)
ΑI
      Division of Ser. No. US 1997-921512, filed on 2 Sep 1997
RLI
      DE 1996-19636343 19960830
PRAI
      DE 1996-19645361
                         19961028
      DE 1996-19645362
                         19961028
      US 1996-27480
                          19960926 (60)
DT
      Utility
EXNAM Primary Examiner: McKane, Joseph K.
LREP
      Borovian, Joseph J.
      Number of Claims: 1
CLMN
ECL
      Exemplary Claim: 1
      No Drawings
DRWN
LN.CNT 805
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
      The invention relates to a process for the production of epothilones and
AΒ
       intermediate products within the process.
```

Epothilones A and B are natural substances, which can be produced by microorganisms, and the taxols have similar properties and are thus of particular interest in pharmaceutical chemistry.

```
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       Diagram 4: Production of Epothilone C (compound 19)
DETD
       and Epothilone A:1 ##STR13## a) 1.3 equivalents of
       dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (DCC), 0.2 equivalent of 4-
       dimethylaminopyridine (4-DMAP), CH.sub.2 Cl.sub.2, RT,.
       . . a mixture of 18a and its E-isomers are obtained analogously
DETD
       from 74.8 mg (0.100 mmol) of 17a. (4S,7R,8S,9S,16S, 1Z)-4,8-Dihydroxy-
       5,5,7,9-tetra-methyl-16-[(E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-thiazol-4-yl)-vinyl]-1-
       oxa-cyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6dione 19 ("Epothilone C")
       and
       *(4s,7R,8s,9s,16s,13z)4,8dihydroxy-5,5,7,9,13penta-methyl-16[(E)-1-16]
DETD
       methyl-2-(2-methyl-thiazol-4-yl)-vinyl]-1-oxa-cyclohexadec-13-ene-
       2,6dione 19a ("Epothilone D") ##STR41## A solution
       of 35.3 mg (0.05 mmol) of 18 (Z:E-mixture 1:1) in 2.4 ml of
       acetonitrile/Et.sub.2 O (1:1) is.
   ANSWER 6 OF 9 USPATFULL
T.38
       2000:27555 USPATFULL
ΑN
      Mass production and long-term preservation of fungivorous nematodes to
ΤI
       protect plants against soil-borne plant pathogens
       Ishibashi, Nobuyoshi, 1090-3, Chifu, Kinryu-Machi, Saga City, Saga
IN
       Pref., Japan
       US 6033658 20000307
PΙ
       US 1998-75947 19980512 (9)
ΑI
      Division of Ser. No. US 1997-977626, filed on 25 Nov 1997
RLI
PRAI
      JP 1997-21245
                          19970204
DΤ
      Utility
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Saucier, Sandra E.; Assistant Examiner: Afremova, V.
       Venable; Schneller, John W.
LREP
CLMN
      Number of Claims: 22
ECL
      Exemplary Claim: 1
      No Drawings
DRWN
LN.CNT 996
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
      A host fungus of a fungivorous nematode is inoculated on a solid medium
AB
       or an artificial liquid medium containing an industrial vegetable waste
       or by-product, and then the nematode whose whole body have been
       sterilized is inoculated and mass-cultivated. Fungivorous ability of the
       nematode can be kept by subculturing using different host fungus on
       every culturing stage. The nematodes, when maintained about 10 days in
       an aerobic condition at 20-25.degree. C. with a relative humidity
       gradually inclined from high to low and dried to anhydrobiotic
       conditions, can be preserved for a long time. The nematode can be used
       for biological control of soil pathogens and soil insect pests.
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
    189453-10-9P, Desoxyepothilone B
                                                      198475-08-0P
                                       198475-05-7P
      219824-14-3P
                     219824-30-3P
        (synthesis of epothilones, intermediates and analogs for use in
        treatment of cancers with multidrug-resistant phenotype)
IT
      184297-59-4 186692-73-9, Desoxyepothilone A 188259-95-2
      188260-09-5 188260-10-8 189453-40-5
                                           192370-71-1
                                198475-07-9
                                                             198475-11-5
      192370-82-4 198475-06-8
                                               198475-09-1
                                  204918-11-6 219555-42-7 219824-31-4
      198475-12-6 198475-14-8
      219824-32-5 219824-34-7
                                  219824-36-9 219824-38-1 219824-39-2
                                               241129-04-4 241129-05-5
      219824-40-5 241129-02-2
                                 241129-03-3
                                               241129-09-9 241129-10-2
      241129-06-6 241129-07-7
                                  241129-08-8
      241129-11-3 241129-12-4
                                241129-13-5
        (synthesis of epothilones, intermediates and analogs for use in
        treatment of cancers with multidrug-resistant phenotype)
```

189453-10-9P, Desoxyepothilone B

IT

(synthesis of epothilones, intermediates and analogs for use in treatment of cancers with multidrug-resistant phenotype)
IT 186692-73-9, Desoxyepothilone A 188259-95-2
188260-10-8 189453-40-5
(synthesis of epothilones, intermediates and analogs for use in treatment of cancers with multidrug-resistant phenotype)

T.38 ANSWER 7 OF 9 USPATFULL 2000:12778 USPATFULL AN ΤI Preparation having increased in vivo tolerability Bosslet, Klaus, Gaithersburg, MD, United States IN Czech, Jorg, Marburg, Germany, Federal Republic of Gerken, Manfred, Marburg, Germany, Federal Republic of Straub, Rainer, Marburg, Germany, Federal Republic of Blumrich, Matthias, Wettenberg, Germany, Federal Republic of Hoechst Aktiengesellschaft, Frankfurt am Main, Germany, Federal Republic PA of (non-U.S. corporation) US 6020315 20000201 PΙ US 1998-76878 19980513 (9) ΑI DE 1997-19720312 19970515 PRAI DTUtility Primary Examiner: Lee, Howard C. EXNAM Finnegan, Henderson, Farabow, Garrett & Dunner, L.L.P. LREP Number of Claims: 14 CLMN Exemplary Claim: 1 ECL DRWN No Drawings LN.CNT 528 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. A preparation having increased in vivo tolerability comprising a AB $\verb|glycosyl-Y[--C(.dbd.Y)--X--].sub.p --W(R).sub.n --X--C(.dbd.Y)-active|$

compound, sugar or sugar alcohol and, optionally divalent ions, and a

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

pharmaceutically tolerable carrier.

50-02-2D, Dexamethasone, glycoconjugates 50-07-7D, Mitomycin C, ΙT 50-24-8D, 50-18-0D, Cyclophosphamide, glycoconjugates glycoconjugates 50-55-5D, Reserpine, glycoconjugates Prednisolone, glycoconjugates 51-21-8D, 5-Fluorouracil, 50-78-2D, Aspirin, glycoconjugates 52-53-9D, Verapamil, glycoconjugates 52-67-5D, glycoconjugates 53-86-1D, Indomethacin, glycoconjugates Penicillamine, glycoconjugates 54-05-7D, Chloroquine, glycoconjugates 55-86-7D, Nitrogen mustard, glycoconjugates 56-54-2D, Quinidine, glycoconjugates 57-22-7D, Vincristine, glycoconjugates 57-83-0D, Progesterone, glycoconjugates 58-55-9D, Theophylline, glycoconjugates 59-05-2D, Methotrexate, 64-86-8D, Colchicine, glycoconjugates glycoconjugates 65-49-6D, p-Aminosalicylic acid, glycoconjugates 67-68-5D, DMSO, glycoconjugates 69-72-7D, Salicylic acid, glycoconjugates 69-65-8, D-Mannitol 103-90-2D, Paracetamol, 83-07-8D, 4-Aminophenazone, glycoconjugates 107-92-6D, Butyric acid, glycoconjugates glycoconjugates 117-39-5D, Quercetin, glycoconjugates 129-20-4D, Oxyphenbutazone, glycoconjugates 141-43-5D, Ethanolamine, 130-95-0D, Quinine, glycoconjugates glycoconjugates 147-84-2D, glycoconjugates 148-82-3D, Melphalan, 302-79-4D, Retinoic acid, 300-54-9D, glycoconjugates glycoconjugates glycoconjugates 305-03-3D, Chlorambucil, glycoconjugates Genistein, glycoconjugates 446-86-6D, Azathioprine, glycoconjugates 530-78-9D, 519-98-2D, 4-Methylaminophenazone, glycoconjugates 586-06-1D, Orciprenaline, Flufenamic acid, glycoconjugates 599-79-1D, Sulfasalazine, glycoconjugates 865-21-4D, glycoconjugates 1204-69-9D, glycoconjugates 2609-46-3D, Vinblastine, glycoconjugates Amiloride, glycoconjugates 2826-26-8D, Tyrphostin 1, glycoconjugates 3148-09-2D, Verrucarin A, glycoconjugates 5072-26-4D, Buthionine 7440-70-2, Calcium, biological studies sulfoximine, glycoconjugates 7683-59-2D, Isoprenaline, glycoconjugates 7689-03-4D, Camptothecin, 9014-02-2D, Neocarzinostatin, glycoconjugates glycoconjugates 10043-52-4, Calcium chloride, biological studies 10159-53-2D, Phosphoramide mustard, glycoconjugates 10540-29-1D, Tamoxifen,

```
glycoconjugates
                       11056-06-7D, Bleomycin, glycoconjugates
                                                                  13392-18-2D,
      Fenoterol, glycoconjugates
                                  15307-86-5D, Diclofenac, glycoconjugates
      15663-27-1D, Cisplatin, glycoconjugates
                                               15687-27-1D, Ibuprofen,
                        17673-25-5D, Phorbol, esters, glycoconjugates
      glycoconjugates
      18559-94-9D, Salbutamol, glycoconjugates
                                                 21432-74-6D, glycoconjugates
                                                 23031-25-6D, Terbutaline,
      21829-25-4D, Nifedipine, glycoconjugates
                        23214-92-8D, Doxorubicin, glycoconjugates
      glycoconjugates
      23350-58-5D, Crotonamide, derivs., glycoconjugates
                                                           31430-18-9D,
                                    33069-62-4D, Taxol, glycoconjugates
      Nocodazole, glycoconjugates
                                                40277-05-2D,
      33419-42-0D, Etoposide, glycoconjugates
      4-Hydroxycyclophosphamide, glycoconjugates
                                                   50264-69-2D, Lonidamine,
                        50679-08-8D, Terfenadine, glycoconjugates
      glycoconjugates
                                             53123-88-9D, Rapamycin,
      51264-14-3D, m-AMSA, glycoconjugates
                        53643-48-4D, Vindesine, glycoconjugates
                                                                  57982-77-1D,
      glycoconjugates
                                   59865-13-3D, Cyclosporin A, glycoconjugates
      Buserelin, glycoconjugates
                                     62996-74-1D, Staurosporine,
      62653-92-3D, glycoconjugates
                        64657-18-7D, 1,9-Dideoxyforskolin, glycoconjugates
      glycoconjugates
                                                  66575-29-9D, Forskolin,
      65271-80-9D, Mitoxantrone, glycoconjugates
                        66676-88-8D, Aclacinomycin, glycoconjugates
      glycoconjugates
                                                  75706-12-6D, Leflunomide,
      69866-21-3D, Rachelmycin, glycoconjugates
      glycoconjugates
                        81705-04-6D, glycoconjugates
                                                       83799-24-0D,
                                      84371-65-3D, Mifepristone,
      Fexofenadine, glycoconjugates
                        89149-10-0D, 15-Deoxyspergualin, glycoconjugates
      glycoconjugates
      96346-61-1D, Onapristone, glycoconjugates
                                                  99674-26-7D, Esperamicin Al,
                        100827-28-9D, Erbstatin, glycoconjugates
      glycoconjugates
      104987-11-3D, FK 506, glycoconjugates
                                              113440-58-7D, Calicheamicin,
                        118767-92-3D, Oxazolo[5,4-b]pyridin-2(1H)-one,
      glycoconjugates
                        124759-75-7D, Dynemicin, glycoconjugates
      glycoconjugates
      152044-53-6D, Epothilone A, glycoconjugates
                                                    152044-54-7D, Epothilone B,
                        160528-09-6D, glycoconjugates 186692-73-9D,
      glycoconjugates
      Epothilone C, glycoconjugates
                                      216251-79-5D, Oxazolo[5,4-b]quinolin-
      2(1H)-one, glycoconjugates
                                   216251-80-8D, glycoconjugates
                                                                   216303-34-3
        (glycoconjugates of antitumor drugs with improved in vivo
        compatibility)
     186692-73-9D, Epothilone C, glycoconjugates
        (glycoconjugates of antitumor drugs with improved in vivo compatibility
        )
L38 ANSWER 8 OF 9 USPATFULL
       2000:12755 USPATFULL
       Non-corrosive cleaning composition for removing plasma etching residues
       Honda, Kenji, Barrington, RI, United States
       Maw, Taishih, Fremont, CA, United States
       Olin Microelectronic Chemicals, Inc., Norwalk, CT, United States (U.S.
       corporation)
       US 6020292 20000201
       US 1998-82564 19980521 (9)
       Division of Ser. No. US 1996-709054, filed on 6 Sep 1996, now patented,
       Pat. No. US 5817610
       Utility
      Primary Examiner: Gupta, Yogendra; Assistant Examiner: Delcotto, Gregory
EXNAM
       Ohlandt, Greeley, Ruggiero & Perle
       Number of Claims: 3
       Exemplary Claim: 1
       No Drawings
LN.CNT 289
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       A non-corrosive cleaning composition for removing plasma etching
       residues comprising water, at least one quaternary ammonium hydroxide,
       and at least one corrosion inhibitor selected from (i) quaternary
       ammonium silicates and (ii) catechol nucleus-containing oligomers having
       a molecular weight in the range of about 220 to about 5,000.
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CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. IT 186692-73-9P, Epothilone C 186692-84-2P **189453-10-9P**,

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DIALOG(R) File 351: DERWENT WPI (c) 1999 Derwent Info Ltd. All rts. reserv.

009482834 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 93-176369/199322

XRAM Acc No: C93-078740

Epithilone derivs. obtd. by cultivating sorangium cellulosum - are fungicides and fungistatic(s) for plant protection and pharmaceuticals with cyto-toxic and immunosuppressive activity

Patent Assignee: CIBA GEIGY AG (CIBA); GBF GES BIOTECH FORSCHUNG GMBH (GBFB)

Inventor: BEDORF N; GERTH K; HOFLE G; REICHENBACH H; HOEFLE G

Number of Countries: 023 Number of Patents: 004

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Main IPC Week
DE 4138042 A1 19930527 DE 4138042 A 19911119 C07D-493/04 199322 B
WO 9310121 A1 19930527 WO 92EP2656 A 19921119 C07D-493/04 199322
AU 9229437 A 19930615 AU 9229437 A 19921119 C07D-493/04 199340
DE 4138042 C2 19931014 DE 4138042 A 19911119 C07D-493/04 199341

Priority Applications (No Type Date): DE 4138042 A 19911119 Cited Patents: 1.Jnl.Ref; JP 54038113

Patent Details:

Patent Kind Lan Pg Filing Notes Application Patent

DE 4138042 A1 10

WO 9310121 A1 G 23

Designated States (National): AU CA FI HU JP KR NO US

Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL SE

AU 9229437 A Based on WO 9310121

DE 4138042 C2 10

Abstract (Basic): DE 4138042 A

Epothilone derivs. of formula (I) are new. In (I) R1 = H, 1-4C alkyl, 1-4C acyl, Li+, K+, Na+, 1/2Mg2+, or 1/2Ca2+; R2 = H or Me.

(I) can be prepd. by (a) cultivating sorangium cellulosum strain So ce 90 in a medium contg. C and N source and mineral salts; (b) adding an adsorber resin either during or after cultivation; (c) sepg. the fermenter broth; (d) eluting the (I) from the adsorber resin; and (e) removing solvent(s) from the eluate immediately or after further purificn. steps; and opt. (f) purifying and separating the various cpds. (I) by high pressure/low pressure chromatography and/or recrystallisation.

USE/ADVANTAGE - (I) can be used as plant protecting agents in agriculture, forestery and/or horticulture, esp. as fungicides or fungistatics. (I) can also be used as therapeutic agents which esp. have cytotoxic activity and/or immunosuppressive activity. No further details of the activity given.

ber

Dwq.0/0

Title Terms: DERIVATIVE; OBTAIN; CULTIVATE; SORANGIUM; CELLULOSUM; FUNGICIDE; FUNGICIDE; PLANT; PROTECT; PHARMACEUTICAL; CYTO; TOXIC; IMMUNOSUPPRESSIVE; ACTIVE

Derwent Class: B02; C02; D16

International Patent Class (Main): C07D-493/04

International Patent Class (Additional): A01N-043/90; A01N-063/02;
A61K-031/425; C07G-011/00; C12P-017/18; C07D-303-00; C07D-313-00;

.

C07D-493/04; C12R-001-00 File Segment: CPI

DIALOG(R) File 351: DERWENT WPI (c) 1999 Derwent Info Ltd. All rts. reserv. 011776317 **Image available** WPI Acc No: 98-193227/199817 Related WPI Acc No: 97-491318 XRAM Acc No: C98-061819 Production of epothilone compounds with taxol-like activity - by total synthesis from new thiazolyl-hydroxy-alkyl-diene and protected dihydroxy-oxo-tridecenoic acid intermediates Patent Assignee: SCHERING AG (SCHD); NOVARTIS AG (NOVS) Inventor: BAUER A; BOHM O M; CORDES M; LIMBERG A; SCHINZER D; BOEHM O M Number of Countries: 072 Number of Patents: 005 Patent Family: Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Main IPC Week WO 9808849 A1 19980305 WO 97DE111 A 19970115 C07D-493/04 199817 B DE 19645361 A1 19980430 DE 1045361 A 19961028 C07C-069/738 199823 DE 19645362 A1 19980430 DE 1045362 A 19961028 C07D-493/04 199823 AU 9721493 A 19980319 AU 9721493 A 19970115 C07D-493/04 199831 Al 19990623 EP 97914077 A 19970115 C07D-493/04 199929 EP 923583 WO 97DE111 A 19970115 Priority Applications (No Type Date): DE 1045362 A 19961028; DE 1036343 A 19960830; DE 1045361 A 19961028 Patent Details: Patent Kind Lan Pg Filing Notes Application Patent WO 9808849 A1 G 48 Designated States (National): AL AM AT AU AZ BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CZ DK EE ES FI GB GE HU IL IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LK LR LS LT LU LV MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK TJ TM TR TT UA UG US UZ VN Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW NL OA PT SD SE SZ UG DE 19645361 A1 12 Add to DE 19636343 DE 19645362 A1 WO 9808849 AU 9721493 A Based on WO 9808849 EP 923583 A1 G Based on Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LU MC NL PT SE Abstract (Basic): WO 9808849 A Production of epothilone A and B of formula (I) comprises esterification of a thiazolyl-hydroxyalkyldiene (II) with a protected 3,7-dihydroxy-5-oxo-tridecenoic acid (III) and conversion of the resulting ester into (I) by the following sequence of reactions: (a)

Production of epothilone A and B of formula (I) comprises esterification of a thiazolyl-hydroxyalkyldiene (II) with a protected 3,7-dihydroxy-5-oxo-tridecenoic acid (III) and conversion of the resulting ester into (I) by the following sequence of reactions: (a) ring closure involving olefin metathesis in the presence of a noble metal catalyst; (b) optional deprotection of protected hydroxy groups, (c) epoxidation and (d) deprotection of protected hydroxy groups as required. R = H (epothilone A) or Me (epothilone B); B = benzyl; tetrahydropyranyl; or silyl protecting group.

Also claimed are starting materials (II) and (III) and desoxy-epothilone intermediates (IV) (obtained from step (a) and optionally (b)): B1 = H; benzyl; p-methoxybenzyl; tetrahydropyranyl; or silyl protecting group.

Further claimed are 2-(2,2-dimethyl-[1,3]dioxan-4-yl)-2-methyl-pentan-3-one (V); 2-methyl-6-heptenal (VI), 2,6-dimethyl-6-heptenal (VII) and (4S,6S)-2-(2,2-dimethyl-[1,3]-dioxan-4-yl)-5-hydroxy-2,4,6-trimethyl-un

decan-3-one (sic) (DDHTU); used for the preparation of (III); as well as protected thiazolyl-hydroxyalkyldienes (VIII) used for the preparation of (II): B2 = benzyl; p-methoxybenzyl; tetrahydropyranyl; or silyl protecting group.

Note - The final claim appears to cover stereoisomers of all the above compounds except (DDHTU) and (VIII) [sic; the phrasing of the claims is ambiguous].

(I) are known from DE 4138042.

USE - (I) have taxol-like activity and are of potential use in cancer therapy.

Dwg.0/0

Title Terms: PRODUCE; COMPOUND; TAXOL; ACTIVE; TOTAL; SYNTHESIS; NEW; THIAZOLYL; HYDROXY; ALKYL; DIENE; PROTECT; DI; HYDROXY; OXO; ACID; INTERMEDIATE

Derwent Class: B02; B03

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Epothilone d
                                                                                                                                      247230-56-4P
                                          213312-62-0P
                                                                         247230-54-2P 247230-55-3P
            247230-57-5P
                                          247230-58-6P
                 (synthesis and cytotoxicity of 12,13-cyclopropane epothilone derivs.
                for use in treatment of tumors or other hyperproliferative cellular
                disease)
          186692-73-9P, Epothilone C 189453-10-9P, Epothilone d
IT
                 (synthesis and cytotoxicity of 12,13-cyclopropane epothilone derivs.
                for use in treatment of tumors or other hyperproliferative cellular
                disease)
       ANSWER 9 OF 9 USPATFULL
              1999:128761 USPATFULL
AN
              Process for the production of epothilones and intermediate products
ΤI
              within the process
              Schinzer, Dieter, Braunschweig, Germany, Federal Republic of
IN
              Limberg, Anja, Braunschweig, Germany, Federal Republic of
              Bohm, Oliver M., Braunschweig, Germany, Federal Republic of
              Bauer, Armin, Braunschweig, Germany, Federal Republic of
              Cordes, Martin, Braunschweig, Germany, Federal Republic of
              Novartis AG, Basel, Switzerland (non-U.S. corporation)
PΑ
              US 5969145 19991019
PΙ
              US 1997-921512 19970902 (8)
ΑI
PRAI
              DE 1996-19636343
                                                       19960830
              DE 1996-19645361
                                                       19961028
              DE 1996-19645362
                                                       19961028
              US 1996-27480
                                                       19960926 (60)
              Utility
DT
EXNAM Primary Examiner: McKane, Joseph K.
              Borovian, Joseph J.
LREP
              Number of Claims: 2
CLMN
ECL
              Exemplary Claim: 1
              No Drawings
DRWN
LN.CNT 802
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
              The invention relates to a process for the production of epothilones and
              intermediate products within the process.
              Epothilones A and B are natural substances, which can be produced by
              microorganisms, and the taxols have similar properties and are thus of
              particular interest in pharmaceutical chemistry.
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
               (4s, 7R, 8s, 9s, 16s, 1z) - 4, 8 - Dihydroxy - 5, 5, 7, 9 - tetra - methyl - 16 - [(E) - 1 - methyl - 16 - [(E) - 1] - [(E) 
DETD
              2-(2-methyl-thiazol-4-yl)-vinyl]-1-oxa-cyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione 19
               ("Epothilone C") and *(4S,7R,8S,9S,16S,13Z)-4,8-
              dihydroxy-5,5,7,9,13-penta-methyl-16-[(E)-1-methyl-2-(2-methyl-thiazol-4-
```

yl)-vinyl]-1-oxa-cyclohexadec-13-ene-2,6-dione 19a ("Epothilone

(Z:E-mixture 1:1) in 2.4 ml of acetonitrile/Et.sub.2 O (1:1) is. . .

p") ##STR41## A solution of 35.3 mg (0.05 mmol) of 18

DIALOG(R) File 351: DERWENT WPI (c) 1999 Derwent Info Ltd. All rts. reserv.

011332369 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 97-310273/199728
Related WPI Acc No: 97-290281

XRAM Acc No: C97-099771

New epothilone derivatives - useful as plant protectants, cytostatics and immunosuppressants.

Patent Assignee: GES BIOTECHNOLOGISCHE FORSCHUNG MBH (GBFB); GBF GES

BIOTECH FORSCHUNG GMBH (GBFB)
Inventor: HOEFLE G; KIFFE M

Number of Countries: 020 Number of Patents: 004

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Main IPC Week WO 9719086 A1 19970529 WO 96EP5080 A 19961118 C07D-493/04 199728 B DE 19639456 A1 19980326 DE 1039456 A 19960925 C07D-493/04 199818 EP 873341 A1 19981028 EP 96939097 A 19961118 C07D-493/04 199847 WO 96EP5080 A 19961118 EP 903348 A1 19990324 EP 96939097 A 19961118 C07D-277/30 199916 EP 98121523 A 19961118

Priority Applications (No Type Date): DE 1039456 A 19960925; DE 1042986 A 19951117

Cited Patents: WO 9310121

Patent Details:

Patent Kind Lan Pg Filing Notes Application Patent

WO 9719086 A1 G 39

Designated States (National): JP US

Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE

DE 19639456 A1 10

EP 873341 Al G Based on WO 9719086

Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LU MC NL PT SE

EP 903348 A1 G Div ex EP 96939097

Div ex EP 873341

Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LU MC NL PT SE

Abstract (Basic): WO 9719086 A

Epothilone derivatives of formula (I)-(III) are new. R = H or 1-4C alkyl; Y Z = H, halo, pseudohalogen, OH, 1-6C acyloxy, 1-6C alkoxy or benzoyloxy; or Y+Z = bond or O; (a) R' = Q; A = H; B = OR1; and R'' = R2; or R''+B = C(O)O, C(S)O, S(O)O, S(R'')2O or C(R'')(R''')O; (b) R' = C(=X)Me or CH(OX')Me; A = H; B = OR1; and R'' = R2; (c) R' = Q; and A+B = bond; X = O, NOR4, N-NR4R5 or N-NHCONR4R5; X' = H, 1-18C alkyl, 1-18C acyl, benzyl, benzyl or cinnamoyl; Q = a group of formula (i); and R1-R5 = H, 1-6C alkyl, 1-6C acyl, benzyl, 1-4C trialkylsilyl, or benzyl or phenyl (both optionally substituted by 1-6C alkoxy, 6C alkyl, OH and halo); or R4+R5 = 2-6C alkylene.

Epothilone A and B are excluded.

Also claimed is the production of epothilone A or B and/or their 12,13-bis-epi derivatives comprising the epoxidation of epothilone C (for A or derivatives) or D (for B or derivatives) especially using dimethyldioxirane or a peracid.

USE - The compounds are used in plant protectants for agriculture,

horticulture and forestry, and in pharmaceuticals, especially as cytostatics (claimed). The compounds have cytotoxic and immunosuppressant activity, and are useful for the control of malignant tumours. Epothilone A and B are known from DE 4138042.

Dwg.0/0

Title Terms: NEW; DERIVATIVE; USEFUL; PLANT; PROTECT; CYTOSTATIC; IMMUNOSUPPRESSIVE

Derwent Class: B02; B03; C02

International Patent Class (Main): C07D-277/30; C07D-493/04
International Patent Class (Additional): A01N-043/78; A01N-043/90;
A61K-031/425; C07D-277/24; C07D-417/06; C07D-493/08; C07D-493/12;
C07D-497/12; C07F-007/07; C07F-007/08; C12P-017/16; C07D-303-00;
C07D-313-00; C07D-493/04; C07D-321-00

File Segment: CPI